## WILMINGTON JOURNAL: Published every Friday Morning, by PRICE & FULTON, Proprietors.

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bers wishing their paper discontinued at the r subscription year, must pay up in full and reprietors two weeks notice, otherwise the pecontinued and charged for according to the y the postage on letters containing Three

nd upwards, and money may be remitted to mail at our risk. The Postmaster's cersuch remittance shall be a sufficient receipt Letters on business connected with this ofDAVID FULTON, EDITOR.

VOL. 4.---NO. 46.

BY AUTHORITY.

Session of the Thirtieth Congress.

ROB'T C. WINTHROP,

President of the Senate.

JAMES K. POLK.

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

G. M. DALLAS,

Approved, June 28, 1848.

Vice President of the United States, and

issuing a register to the schooner James.

purchase of the said vessel by the present own.

the United States

Approved, June 28, 1848.

er exceeds three fourths of the original cost

er may deem most expedient and proper, with-

Approved June 28, 1848.

of the Territory of Florida.

Be it charted by the Senate and House of

Representatives of the United States of Amer-

in which proof shall be made to the satisfac-

tion of the Commissioner of the General Land

Office that any person who obtained a permit

under the act, entitled "An act to provide for

the armed occupation and settlement of the

and forty-two, thereby aiding to effect the ob-

ject of said acts, and who has not received the

## OUR CIRCULATION.

-We mean to keep the following paragraph stanthe benefit of all whom it may concern: DVERTI-ING.'-We would commend the following

### MAIL ARRANGEMENTS. Post Office, Wilmington. NORTHERN MAIL, by Rail Road, due daily at 9 A. M.

nilv at 8 A. M., and closes at 91 A. M. every day. FAYETTEVILLE MAIL, by Rail Road, is due on Mondays

rocks, and Robesons, is due on Tuesdays Thurssand Saturdays, at 9 A. M., and closes on same days

DEFNEENG OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. itly executed and with despatch, on liberal terms for cash, at the JOURNAL OFFICE.

DVAID BARRADIL ATTORNEY AT LAW

## Commission and Forwarding THE SECTIONS.

DAVIS'S WHARF,

outh Water Street, WHMINGTON, N. C. Cronly, Walker & Hall. AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION . WERCHANTS, Wilmington, N. C.

Messes, Hall & Armstrong, JOHN A. TAYLOR, ESQ., JOHN WALKER, ESQ.

MYERS & BARNUM, Annufacturers & calers in HATS AND CAPS.

WHOLESALL AND RETAIL, TEKET STREET-Wilmington, N. C. ED. C. A SAS CE 3. E. E. GENERAL AGENT

AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, Will make liberal cash advances on all consign-Wilmington, N. C., Sept 24, 1817-2-tf

LIPPITT & WILLKINGS, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

BDBE WISS CRESS BYSSO

Paints, Oils, Dyc Stuffs, Window Class, Garden Seeds, Perfumery, Patent Medicines, &c. &c., On Front street, between Market and Dock, two

ors North of Messes. Hart & Polley's, Wil-October 8, 1817-14

WM. A. GWYER, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL CHECODUCE DE CER TOWNISSION MERCHANT,

North Water Street, Wilmington, N. C. N. Disbrow, Esq., New York. ROB'T G. RANKIN, Esq., Wilmington, N. C.

October 29, 1847. Thos. Allibone & Co, GENERAL COMMISSION

MERCHANTS, No. 8, South Wharves, PHILADELPHIA.

Wilmington, N. C. HOLMES & HAWES,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS ry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, & Cutlery,

February 11, 1848. ew Goshen Butter, for sale by

At the stand formerly occupied by Z. Latimer.

HOWARD & PEDEN. MARBLE MONUMENTS.

TOMB TABLES, Mead & Foot Stones, &c. INTE subscribers have taken the agency of so occupied or settled by him, the same as if

fufilled and complied with.

lands, formerly called the Edens lands, with the same, or any adjacent township. duns, or dogs, or fishing, in any manner whatevdogs on the premises, the dogs will be killed and the negroes severely punished. ALSO, all wagoners, draymen, or cartmen, are

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That immediately after the passage of this act, the penalty of the law.

MILES COSTIN.

mediately after the passage of this act, the second of July,

MILES COSTIN.

mediately after the passage of this act, the second of July,

Secretary of the Treasury shall appoint an a
Secretary of the passage of this act, the second of July,

Secretary of the Treasury shall appoint an a
Secretary of the Treasury sh

August next, they will be put in the hands of an officer for collection. MYERS & BARNUM.

July 11, 1848.

MYERS And for transportation of land as aforesaid; and said agent of the manual as ne may prescribe in relation as ne may prescribe in relation, south Carolina, and riavana, or withins, lake the morning.

Superior, in the State of Michigan, to a more the direction of the direction of the directors hereinafter named, subject to donation of land as aforesaid; and said agent of thousand dollars.

And for transportation of July 11, 1848.

# Wilmington

GOD, OUR COUNTRY, AND LIBERTY.

# WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY, JULY 28, 1848.

Acts and Resolutions passed at the First in furnishing their proofs may demand, under property Carolina, be, and he hereby is, authorized to within four months after reasonable notice, of the directors for the time being shall apissue an enrolment and license for the steam- by advertisement of the times and places of point; and that notice of such election shall hoat now called the "Charles Downing," in his attendance to receive such proof, said set- be published in at least two of the public newstrading, as well as the readers of the whig part of, William A. Carson, paying the usual fees, all the cases reported as aforesaid shall be deand complying in all respects with the laws finitively decided by the Commissioner of the holding such election; and every such elecose who are most deeply interested—busi- regulating the granting of enrolments and li- General Land Office within two months after tion shall be by hallot, and by such of the censes to vessels employed in the coasting the report thereof is received at his office; and stockholders who shall attend for that purtrade; said enrolment shall state, in addition said agent shall be allowed the same compen- pose, either in person or by proxy; and each to the usual description, that the former name sation as is allowed by law to examining a- stockholder shall be entitled to one vote for lars; of the said steamboat was the Charles Down- gents of the Treasury Department. ing, and that it was changed by authority of Approved July 1st, 1848.

> PUBLIC-No. 56 -An Act supplemental to the the persons having the greatest number of act passed on the ninth day of July, in the votes shall be the directors; and if it shall tled "An act to retroce le the county of Al- qual number of votes, the directors in office at | thousand dollars; exandria, in the District of Columbia, to the the time of such election shall, by a plurality State of Virginia."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of the persons so having an equal number of dollars; Representatives of the United States of Ame- votes shall be director or directors, so as to For miscellaneous, fifty-five thousand dol-[Public-No. 52.]-An Act to authorize the rica in Congress assembled, That the Supreme complete the whole number to be chosen; and lars; ica in Congress assembled. That there be isschooner James, formerly a British vessel, but late county of Alexandria, by writ of error or ltion. Bannerman's, is due every Monday at 4 P. M., and now owned by Timothy Carman, a citizen of appeal, at the time when the jurisdiction and Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That South Oyster Bay, Queen's county, State of laws lately existing in said county had final- John F. Callan, Jacob Bigelow, B. B. French, New York, and which said vessel, having ly ceased and determined in the manner pro- W. H. Harover, M P. Callan, and W. A. [Public-No. 61.]-An Act to extend the been wrecked and condemned on the south vided for in and by the third section of the act Bradley, shall be the first directors of the said shore of Long Island, was purchase I by him, to which this is supplemental, and shall deal company, who shall hold their offices until the and which he has caused to be repaired: Pro- with and dispose of the same in the same man second Monday of January, in the year of our vided, It shall be proved to the satisfaction of ner, and pursuant to the same laws, rules and Lord one thousand eight hundred and fortythe Secretary of the Treasury that the cost of regulations as would have applied to and gov- nine, and until others are chosen in their pla-Court before the said jurisdiction and laws majority of them, shall determine. Representatives of the United States of Amer- authority to take cognizance of the same or in manner as shall be provided for by the by-laws month ica in Congress assembled, That all official any manner to carry the same into effect, or to of the said corporation.

the judge of the criminal court of the said shall be the duty of the circuit court of the lowed by law to other regular their nature. The expense of winter feeding of capacity for the blind element of hereditary ington, and of the clerk of said court, and they and each of them are hereby authorized and previous payment or payments thereon; and Approved, July 10, 1848. [Public—No. 54.]—An Act respecting certain surveys in the State of Florida.

Agricultural labor throughout of the installments required to certify and transmit exemplification of all judgments, and of all judgments, red to be paid shall be published at least four cents per day.

Agricultural labor throughout of the installments required to certify and transmit exemplification that previous notice of the installments required to certify and transmit exemplification that previous notice of the installments required to certify and transmit exemplification that previous notice of the installments required to certify and transmit exemplification that previous notice of the installments required to certify and transmit exemplification that previous notice of the installments required to certify and transmit exemplification that previous notice of the installments required to certify and transmit exemplification that previous notice of the installments required to certify and transmit exemplification that previous notice of the installments required to certify and transmit exemplification that previous notice of the installments required to certify and transmit exemplification that previous notice of the installments required to certify and transmit exemplification that previous notice of the installments required to certify and transmit exemplification that previous notice of the installments required to certify and transmit exemplification that previous notice of the installments required to certify and transmit exemplification that previous notice of the installments required to certify and transmit exemplification that previous notice of the installments required to certify and transmit exemplification that previous notice of the installments required to certify and transmit exemplification that the previous notice of the installment is a second to the installment and the previous notice of the installment is a second to the installment and the previous notice of the installment is a second to the installment is a Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Commission, suit, or prosecution originally sec. 7. And be it further enacted. That the been duly confirmed situate in said State; and shall or may be required or authorized by any tained and situate, and to lay pipes for the the same is hereby, repealed; and the said diswith of Tiwann, Luming, Naval Stones, &c. lands interspersed with water as aforesaid may take cognizance of the same or to carry the avenues, and alleys of the said city; and, all be made by such persons on such terms, and same into effect, or in any manner to act judiso, that the said company will so conduct the act. in such mode and manner as said Commission cially or officially touching the same.

> surveys, by township lines; but the expense [Public-No. 57.]-An Act further to ex- to such conditions, and in compliance with tend the time for locating Virginia military | such regulations as the corporation of Washland warrants, and returning surveys there- ington may from time to time prescribe: And per mile heretofore allowed for surveys by the

Approved July 5, 1848.

on to the General Land Office.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Reput up any buildings, works, or apparatus for expedient and proper; but the expense there- "An act further to extend the time for loca- as the said corporation of Washington may

[Fublic-No. 55 1-An Act for the relief of retary of the Treasury that such warrant was thereof. the bona fide settlers under the acts for the issued justly and legally, and that the person Sec. 9. And be at further enacted, That noarmed occupation and settlement of a part who received said warrant was legally entitled thing in this act shall be construed to prevent to the same.

Approved July 5, 1848.

Public-No. 58.1-An Act giving the conling the business specified in the seventh secica in Congress assembled, That in all cases

unsettled part of the peninsula of Florida," and forty-two, and who was an occupant under that act amendatory thereof, ica in Congress assembled. That this Congress change ticket, or anything else promising or widow of such officer or soldier, for a penapproved August fourth, eighteen hundred and forty-two, and who was an occupant unapproved June fifteenth, eighteen hundred and consents that the legislature of the State of agreeing to pay money, intended to circulate sion; and upon proof by her that she was approved June inteents, eighteen numered and consents that the legislature of the state of agreeing to pay money, intended to circulate of the state of the forty-four, and who actually occupied or set. Texas may extend her eastern boundary so as as money, or the tendency of which shall be married to any such officer or soldier prior to tled under said acts, and did not voluntarily to include within her limits one-half of Sabine to circulate as money or currency; and the January first, seventeen hundred and ninetyrelinquish and abandon the same, but contin pass, one-half of Sabine lake, also one-half of violation of any one of the provisions of this four, and that she is a widow, she shall there Sabine river, from its mouth as far north as section shall be a forfeiture of the charter upon be placed upon the pension rolls at the line specified in said act of eighteen hundred the thirty-second degree of north latitude. herein granted, and a fine of fifty dollars as same rate that such officer or soldier received Approved July 5, 1848.

lands provided by said acts, such settlers shall [PCBLIC-No. 59.]-An Act to incorporate each of the stockholders in the Washington be entitled to a grant and patent for the land

an extensive MARBLE MANUFACTORY all the conditions and stipulations of said acts Representatives of the United States of Ameri- liabilities of the said company, however conthe North, and will receive orders for the above and requirements of the General Land Office ca in Congress assembled. That John F. Cal-tracted or incurred, to be recovered by suit as amed articles on as favorable terms as can be pro- in relation thereto had been fully and strictly lan, Jacob Bigelow, B. B. French, W. H. Har- other debts or liabilities before the court or triover, M. P. Callan, W A. Bradley, and W. bunal having jurisdiction of the case. They have a variety of patterns and styles, Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That in H. English, and their present and future assowith the prices, which may be seen at any time. all cases where the lands settled or occupied ciates, are hereby declared to be a body politic KEEN & HUSTON. Contractors & Builders. by such settler or any part thereof, were or and corporate, by the name and style of the Post Office Desaid acts on any account whatever, then such the same name, shall have perpetual successettler may locate his right or the part so in- sion, and shall be able to sue and be sued, LL persons are notified from hunting on my terriered with on any vacant public lands in plead and be impleaded, in all courts of law Sec 3. And be it further enacted, That this elsewhere; and to make and have a common ca in Congress assembled, That the follow. after holden as the property of said State. Ex. If free negroes or slaves are caught with guns act shall extend to, and be construed and exe-scal, and the same to break, alter, and renew in sums of money be, and the same are here-scal, and the same to break, alter, and renew in sums of money be, and the same are here-scal, and the same to break, alter, and renew in sums of money be, and the same are here-scal, and the same to break, alter, and renew in sums of money be, and the same are here-scal, and the same to break, alter, and renew in sums of money be, and the same are here-scal, and the same to break, alter, and renew in sums of money be, and the same are here-scal, and the same to break, alter, and renew in sums of money be, and the same are here-scal, and the scale are here-scale are act shall extend to, and be construed and executed for the benefit of the widow and heirs of cuted for the benefit of the widow and heirs of at pleasure; to ordain and establish such by-appropriated for the service of the Post of the principles of the principles of the location of a light.

| Approved, and the same to break, after, and renew ing sums of money be, and the same are nereleast ing sums of money be, and the same are nereleast ing sums of money be, and the same to break, after, and renew ing sums of money be, and the same are nereleast ing sums of money be, and the same to break, after, and renew ing sums of money be, and the same are nereleast ing sums of money be, and the same to break, after, and renew ing sums of money be, and the same are nereleast ing sums of money be, and the same are nereleast ing sums of money be, and the same are nereleast ing sums of money be, and the same are nereleast ing sums of money be, and the same are nereleast ing sums of money be, and the same to break, after, and renew ing sums of money be, and the same are nereleast ing sums of money be, and the same to break, after, and renew ing sums of money be, and the same are nereleast ing sums of money be, and the same are nereleast ing sums of money be, and the same are nereleast ing sums of money be, and the same are nereleast ing sums of money be, and the same are nereleast ing sums of money be, and the same are nereleast ing sums of money be, and the same are nereleast ing sums of money be, and the same are nereleast ing sums of money be, and the same are nereleast ing sums of money be, and the same are nereleast ing sums of money be, and the same are nereleast ing sums of money be, and the same are nereleast ing sums of money be, and the same are nereleast ing sums of money be, and the same are nereleast ing sums of money be, and the same are nereleast ing sums of money be, and the same are nereleast ing sums of money be, and the same are nereleast ing sums of money be, and the same are nereleast ing sums of money be

shall also attend at such other places in said them shall be prescribed; and the stock of the mail by said line, or by other steamers, to tion so as to exceed the appropriation made settlements as the convenience of such settlers the said corporation shall be deemed personal such other places on the coast of Florida as for such purpose by said act. the Postmaster General may deem practicable the instructions of the General Land Office; Sec 3. And be it further enacted, That the and expedient, five thousand dollars: and said agent shall, within five months after he shall commence his duties in said State, ration shall be managed and conducted by or large the l

name of the steamboat "Charles Downing," transmit all the proofs he may take, and make under the direction of five directors, being tract with Edward Mills, authorized by the report of his opinion as to each case to said stockholders; that the said directors shall hold "Act to provide for the transportation of the Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Commissioner of the General Land Office, their offices for one year from the second Mon-mail between the United States and foreign Representatives of the United States of Amer- who shall proceed forthwith to examine and day, and shall be elected on the first Monday countries," approved March third, eighteen scendants of Indians and Spanish—2,000,000; ica in Congress assembled, That the collector decide said cases: Provided, That if any set- in January, in each year, at such time and hundred and forty five, four hundred thousand of the port of Charleston, in the State of South ther does not submit his proof to such agent place in the city of Washington as a majority dollars; For compensation to postmasters, one mil ion seventy-five thousand dollars; the name of the "Calhoun;" the owner there- ther shall not have the benefit of this act; and papers printed in the city of Washington. at ty-five thousand dollars; For ship, steamboat, and way letters, twen-For wrapping paper, eighteen thousand dol-For office furniture, (in the offices of post-

> For advertising, thirty-five thousand doleach share of the stock which he or she may For mail bags, twenty-five thousand dollars: have held in his or her own name for at least For blanks, eighteen thousand dollars; fourteen days before the time of voting; and For mail locks, keys and stamps, five thous and dollars; For the detection and prevention of mail deyear eighteen hundred and forty six, enti- happen that two or more persons have an e- predations, and for special agents, twelve

For clerks for offices, (in the offices of postof votes, given by ballot, determine which of masters,) two hundred and thirty thousand

masterters,) three thousand dollars;

Court of the United States shall have full the directors so chosen shall, as soon as may | Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That in Be it enacted by the Senate and House of power and jurisdiction to hear and determine, be thereafter, proceed by ballot to elect one of case the revenues of the department, referred Representatives of the United States of Amer. and shall proceed in due course to hear and their number for their president; and when to in the first section of this act, shall prove determine, all causes which had been removed ever any vacancy shall happen, the same shall insufficient to meet the foregoing appropriainto said court from the circuit court of the be filled up by the remaining directors, by tions, then any deficiency that may thus arise the Treasury, a register or enrolment for the District of Columbia, holden in and for the plurality of votes, until the next annual elec- shall be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated. Approved July 10, 1848.

> provisions of existing pension laws to enlisted men of the ordnance corps of the United States army.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of Amerithe repairs made in the United States after the erned the said causes if the same had been duces; and they shall proceed to choose their ca in Congress assembled, That the acts of ly heard and determined in the said Supreme president at such time and place as they, or a Congress granting pensions to soldiers disabled by wounds or otherwise, while in the of building a vessel of the same tonnage in hal ceased and determined as aforesaid; and Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That in line of their duty in public service, shall be all judgements, decrees, and mandates, after case it shall at any time happen that an elec- construed to apply to the enlisted men of the that time, issuing, from the said Supreme tion for directors shall not take place on the ordnance department who have been or may Court in any such cause or causes, shall be day appointed by this act for that purpose, the be disabled, in the same manner as to non-PUBLIC-No 53 ]-An Act concerning the certified and transmitted by the clerk of said said corporation shall not, for that cause, or commissioned officers, artificers, musicians and taking of official oaths in the District of Co. Supreme Court to such court, or to the judge for any non user, be deemed to be dissolved, privates of other corps of the army, subject to or judges of such court as has been vested, or but it shall and may be lawful to hold an elec- the limitation that in no such case shall the Be it enacted by the Senate and House of shall or may be vested with jurisdiction or lion for directors on any other day, in such pension exceed the rate of eight dollars per

oaths required by law to be taken by officers act judicially touching the same, by any law | Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That it enlisted men of the ordnance department who of the United States may, in the District of Co. of the State of Virginia in such case provided, shall and may be lawful for the directors, or have served, or may serve in Mexico during lumbia, be administered and certified by any or hereafter to be enacted and provided one of the judges of the circuit court, or by Sec 2. And be it further enacted, That it subscription to the capital stock of the said and shall receive the same bounty in land as District of Columbia for the county of Wash- tions as they, or a majority of them, shall troops in the service of the United States, and

the collection district of Brunswick, in the State of Georgia.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of sioner of the General Land Office is hereby commenced in the said circuit court holden president and directors shall have full power Representatives of the United States of Amerauthorized and directed to cause to be survey- for the county of Alexandria, and thence re- and authority to manufacture, make, and sell ica in Congress assembled, That so much of ed, as soon as practicable, the islands and keys, and other lands in South Florida, interspersed with water which cannot conveniently be connected with the regular public surveys; and also the private claims or grants which have also the private claims or grants which have that such surveys of said islands, keys, and such law of Virginia as aforesaid to receive or purpose of conducting gas in any of the streets, trict is hereby re-established and restored in all

Approved, July 10, 1848.

manufactories of gas as not to injure private

property or create a nuisance : Provided, how-

SEC. 11. And be it further enacted, That

June, eighteen hundred and forty-nine.

Approved July 8, 1848.

ever, That the said pipes shall be laid subject [Resolution-Public No. 9 ]-A Resolution authorizing the presentation to the government of France of a series of the standard weights and measures of the United States, and for other purposes.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Repmay be made by such persons, and on such presentatives of the United States of America the manufacture of gas shall be subject to such resentatives of the United States of America in terms as said Commissioner may deem mos in Congress assembled. That the act entitled terms, conditions, restrictions, and regulations | Congress assembled. That the Secretary of State be directed to furnish to Alexander Vatof shall not in any case exceed twenty-five ting Virginia military land warrants, and re- or shall, from time to time, prescribe or direct. temare one complete series of the standard per centum on the said price heretofore allow- turning surveys thereon to the General Land Sec. 8. And be it further enacted, That if weights and measures of the United States, ed in addition to such price: Provided, how- Office," approved August nincteen, eighteen any person or persons shall wilfully do, or now in the Department of State, to be presenever. That it shall be the duty of the Presi- hundred and forty-one, and as to all warrants cause to be done, any act or acts whatever, ted to the government of France; and that he dent at some convenient time, and before of ssued prior to the tenth day of August, eigh- whereby the works of said corporation, or any furnish to the Joint Committee on the Librafering any of said islands for sale, to have an teen hundred and forty, and no others, be, and pipe, conduit, plug, cock, reservoir, or any ry twenty-five copies of the revolutionary examination made by, and a report from, a board of engineers, to ascertain whether any of said islands or patts of them, and if so, which of them should be reserved from sale.

| Conduit, plug, cock, reservoir, or any the same is hereby, revived and continued in force until the first day of January, eighteen hundred and fifty

| Size 2. And be it further enacted, That the conduit, plug, cock, reservoir, or any matter or thing appertaining to the same, shall be stopped, obstructed, impaired, weakened, in further enacted, That the conduit, plug, cock, reservoir, or any the twenty-live copies of the revolutionary archives, and an equal number of copies of the same, shall be stopped, obstructed, impaired, weakened, in the purposes of international exchange.

for the use of the United States; and that all same right and privilege is hereby also extend offending shall forfeit and pay to the said corislands or parts of islands recommended by ded for the same time to all such warrants as poration double the amount of the damage sussuch board to be reserved for public use shall have issued subsequent to said tenth day of tained by means of such offence or injury, to Expedition now published, and an equal num-August, A. D. eighteen hundred and forty: be recovered in the name of the said corporal ber of such of the works of the same as may Provided, That before the location thereof, it tion, with costs of suit, in any action of debt, hereafter be published, be placed at the dispo shall be shown to the satisfaction of the Sec- to be brought in any court having cognizance sal of the Joint Library Committee of Congress for the purposes of international exchange. Approved, June 30, 1848.

any person or persons, nor any incorporated [Resolution-Public No. 10.]-A Joint Resolution relative to evidence in applica-

company hereafter to be created by Congress for that purpose, from engaging in and pursu-Resolved by the Senate and House of Rep. sent of the government of the United States tion of this act; and that it shall be lawful for resentatives of the United States of America in to the State of Texas to extend her eastern Congress, at any time hereafter, to alter, a Congress assembled, That in all cases where a pension may have been granted to anv offiboundary, so as to include within her limits mend, or repeal this act.

one half of Sabine pass, Sabine lake, and Sec. 10. And be it further enacted, That cer or soldier of the revolution in his life time, Sabine river, as far north as the thirty-sec- nothing in this act shall be construed to and the evidence upon which such pension was thorize the said Washington Gas Light Com- granted shall be conclusive of the service of Be it enacted by the Senate and House of pany to make, issue, or put in circulation any such officer or soldier in the application of any

gainst each of the directors voting for the same. during his life time. Approved, July 1, 1848.

the Washington Gas Light Company.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of or her individual capacity for all the debts and specified by the Senate and House of or her individual capacity for all the debts and specified piece captured at the battle of Bennington, in seventeen hundred and seventy-seven. Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That two brass field-pie- tible of a practical application, that we hope ces, captured from the enemy at the battle of to be pardoned when we would commend it Bennington, in the State of Vermont, in sev- to the serious consideration of not a few who Wilmington, N.C. February 11, 1818. [22-1y] are not legally subject to donation under the "Washington Gas Light Company," and, by ations for the service of the Post Office De. enteen hundred and seventy-seven, now in ations for the service of the Post Office De. partment for the year ending the thirtieth of diately well mounted, under the direction of Be it enacted by the Senate and House of the Secretary of War, and delivered to the and equity in the District of Columbia and Representatives of the United States of Ameri-

da, where said lands lie, who shall attend at least ten successive days at each county seat, subscription to the said capital stock, or to least ten successive days at each county seat, subscription to the said capital stock, or to least ten successive days at each county seat, subscription to the said capital stock, or to least ten successive days at each county seat, subscription to the said capital stock, or to least ten successive days at each county seat, subscription to the said capital stock, or to least ten successive days at each county seat, subscription to the said capital stock, or to least ten successive days at each county seat, subscription to the said capital stock, or to least ten successive days at each county seat, subscription to the said capital stock, or to least ten successive days at each county seat, subscription to the said capital stock, or to least ten successive days at each county seat, subscription to the said capital stock, or to least ten successive days at each county seat, subscription to the said capital stock, or to least ten successive days at each county seat, subscription to the said capital stock, or to least ten successive days at each county seat, subscription to the said capital stock, or to least ten successive days at each county seat, subscription to the said capital stock and ninety-five thousand seven hundred dollars; such northead ten successive days at each county seat, subscription to the said capital stock and ninety-five thousand seven hundred dollars; such northead ten successive days at each county seat, subscription to the said capital stock and ninety-five thousand seven hundred dollars; such northead ten successive days at each county seat, subscription to the said capital stock and ninety-five thousand seven hundred dollars; such northead ten successive days at each county seat, subscription to the said capital stock and ninety-five thousand seven hundred dollars. deem it expedient) to make a change in their business, take this method of informing all those indebted to them, that their Bills are ready for them, and unless paid before the first day of for them, and unless paid before the first day of August next their will be put in the kernless of the mails between the settlement or occupation, and the mails between the settlement or occupation, and of set the will be put in the kernless of the mails between the settlement or occupation, and of set the settlement or occupation and occupation of the said capital stock, or to the settlement or occupation of the said capital stock, or to the settlement or occupation of the said capital stock, or to the settlement or occupation of the said capital stock, or to the settlement or occupation of the said capital stock, or to the settlement or occupation of the said capital stock, or to the settlement or occupation of the said capital stock, or to the settlement or occupation of the said capital stock, or to the settlement or occupation of the said capital stock, or to the settlement or occupation of the said capital stock, or to the settlement or occupation of the said capital stock, or to the s

Journal.

**WHOLE NO. 202.** 

Approved, July 10, 1848.

A STATISTICAL VIEW OF MEXICO. The population of Mexico is, at present, about 8,000,000; in 1794 it was 5,000,000. This population is divided as follows: Indians, 4,000,000; Mestizoes-that is de-

Creoles, Spanish descent, born in Mexico-1,200,000; Zamboes-Indian and Negro descent, and Mulattoes -- 600,000; Negroes, 100,000; Estrangeros or Foreigners, 15,000. According to the Constitution of 1824, every man at eighteen years of age, becomes a voter -no other qualification is required.

Indians and Mestizoes form the bulk of the their manners and religion have been little affected by their white intruders.

The land of Mexico is generally much superior to that of the United States. Almost public treasury could no longer distribute the all the productions of other climes grow there wealth of France among the host of idle hands in rich luxuriance.

The produce of maize is wonderful—an acre six large ears.

here it commonly yields twenty-five to one. purpose. In the irrigated land of Mexico, it has even yielded fifty to one, while in Europe ten or Provisional Government, belonging more of twelve to one is considered the average production; and the best lands in Kentucky yield only twenty-two to one.

only one hundred and fifty laborers are requi- designed for two objects. One, disclosed by red, while three hundred are requisite in Cuba M. Goudchaux, temporarily charged with the and Louisiana.

The production of coffee is still easier in

The silver mines of Mexico are perhaps inaveraging 10,000,000 per annum.

voided, there being no winter there. Hor-

but the consequence is, nine-tenths of the na- nication, enhanced in value for a time of war. tives forever remain in the most abject pover- by the fact that the lines of rail road are also ty and servitude. Mechanical labor is mostly to be those of the electric telegraph. performed by foreigners, at from \$2 to \$4 per "The additional motives are of some weight, day .- Oswego Palladium.

Horse Allen," soon after his appointment as employers, who would be so many means of judge, visited the court scat in Gasconade, Missouri. There had been several violations was determined that punishment should be inflicted. Accordingly, upon his arrival, after sheriff, jury and witnesses had assembled, the first order of the court was that each and all ceeding with its legitimate business, when ceedings, and insulted his "honor" by the utterance of some broad and ungentlemanly remarks. The sheriff was going on with his business, calling the names of the jury, when der to adjourn the court for fifteen minutes, take about that time to complete the job."

The court adjourned, the judge descended throwing aside his weapon, he pulled off his coat, and, to use his own words, gave him, at the age of 17, and set off for the frontier. perhaps, the d——st licking he hal in his life. Puffing and blowing with the exercise, of these Prætorians in blouses, and the hour of the judge returned to the bench, at the expiration of the time, and ordered the sheriff to convene the court again. It was done; where-

upon the "horse" ris. "People," said he, "I am here to adjudge the law, and administer justice, by thunder!! here am I-single-handel-and if any one again, and give him a chance!" It is hardly necessary to say that the eti-

uette of "Horse Allen's" court was never inringed upon after that day .-- Reveille.

SHORT PATENT SERMON, -- By Dow, Jr. so-called "Sermons" of this quaint, but truth. themselves before M. Marie, &c." ful writer, believing the term misapplied, and tion disposing of two brass field piece cap- verence in regard to a subject which should describe the conflict and its results. never be approached without becoming soso appropriate—so truthful in its exhibition of facts as they exist, and withal, so suscep-

Perhaps it may not be amiss to remember he knows not whom; his money is scattered

ordered out, and charged for at the rate of 25 cte. per square for every insertion after the first week, A deduction of 334 pr ct on adv. bills over \$30. A liberal discount will be made on advertice ments exceeding one square, when published 6 of 12 months, cash in advance.

do. 6 do. renewed weekly, 12 00

TIf the number of insertions are not marked on the advertisement, they will be continued unti

Per square of 15 lines or les

du. 12 do.

THE PARIS INSURRECTION.

The following extract from a letter in the New York Courrier des Etats Unis of Saturday, written by Mr. Gaillardet, late editor and now Paris correspondent of that journal, will be read with interest. After devoting several columns to the details of the conflicts which have been already published at length, he goes on to say :-

"The breaking up of the national workshops in Paris has been the origin and pretext of this social war, which has had for its victims the workmen on one side, and the National Guards and soldiers of the regular army on the other. "The establishment of these national work-

shops was the most unfortunate act of the By the relative population, we perceive that Provisional Government. They supplied a refuge to all the idlers and hangers-on who nation, and with equal privileges, are sure to had swarmed from every part of France, to rule it at a future time. They are at present, this sort of general almshouse, where labor however, regarded with extreme contempt, was a fiction and pay was the only real thing. and are, by the whites, opprobriously denom- The number of these birds of passage, who inated irrational. The number of Indians re- had perched upon this roost, amounted to mains nearly the same as when first discover- nearly 150,000, of whom, it is said, 20,000 ed by the Spaniards three centuries ago, and were released or absconding convicts, and from 30,000 to 40,000 porters and domestics, who thus added to the income of their real business the pofits of an assumed title. The exhausted and hungry mouths. The National Assembly, therefore, resolved to shake them off; but has been known to produce 200 bushels, and it was seconded only feebly and irresolutely some stems are twenty feet high, with five or in this bold design by the Executive power on whose part the creation of the national Wheat grows well only on table land, but workshops had not been without an ultimate

"In the view of certain members of the

less closely to the Socialist or Communist School, such as Louis Blanc, Albert, Ledru Rollin, and Flocon, this agglomeration of To produce one million pounds of sugar, workmen, taken into pay by the State, was portfolio of finance, was to form a sort of Prætórian Guard, which certain members of Mexico; twenty men can attend 20,000 trees, the Government desired to have always at which, on an average, produce 500,000 pounds. command, as an instrument of coercion, al-Cotton, also, of a quality far superior to ways ready, against their political adversaries; ours, can be produced, in many parts of Mex- the other was, to lay the foundation for a sysico, in greater quantities, by one-third, than tem of concentration in the hand of the state can be obtained from the best lands of Loui- of all public works-a system which should serve as a common practical basis for the doctrines held by the various sects of the Social. exhaustible; 3,000,000,000 have been drawn ist school. Thus the Executive power was from them during three hundred years past, seen proposing to the National Assembly, in succession, two projects of law having for The great source of wealth in Mexico is their ends the appropriation of all the rail roads here eminently productive soil. All the pro- and all the companies of insurance against ductions of Southern Europe abound there in fire, for the profit of the State. Enjoying the the greatest state of luxuriance and perfection. sole control of these great establishments, the Horses, cattle, sheep, etc., of the finest qual- State would thus convert individual into naity, can be raised at a very trifling expense; tional wealth, and, in the distribution of this the climate being remarkably congenial to wealth, would substitute the rational element ses of the best quality can be obtained for from nacea of the modern philosophers, for all the evils of the social state. At the same time, Agricultural labor throughout Mexico can while withdrawing industry and property from losophies, speculation and competition, the These low rates operate eminently to the State would gain the additional advantage of alvantage of the enterprising agriculturists, having at its command the means of commu-

I admit; but their validity is more than neutralized by the immense dangers of favoring Judge Allen, or as he is commonly called, der control of any Government thousands of

influence, so much inducement to corruption. "These results being well considered, the of the law in the section, and the "horse" committee to which the matter was referred, came to the conclusion that the projected appropriation of the railways ought to be refused, and its report to this effect found numerous supporters in the Assembly. A discourse should strip themselves and go to work and by M. Montalembet, on 22d June, boldly reraise a suitable tenement in which to hold its vealed the secret tendencies concealed beneath meetings. This was the first building erected the project, and made a deep impression. Affor such purposes in the country. Well, after ter obtaining the confiscation of the rail roads hard work, a number of logs piled up together and fire insurance companies, exclaimed the were made to answer the purpose desired. - courageous orator, they will demand that of The court had come to order, and was pronopoly of salt works, factories, machinery, some evil-disposed person interrupted the pro- &c. Vote this law and you will have no plea against a host of projects of the same nature. Individual industry will be crushed and de-

"The effect wrought by the speech of M he was interrupted by the judge, with the or- Montalembet was such that the partizans of the project could entertain no hope of success. sagely observing "that he thought it would Urged by the energetic resolutions of the Assembly, the Executive power was constrained to take measures for the gradual extinction of from the bench, at the same time drawing his the national workshops. It decreed that the bowie knife, and advancing upon the fellow workmen from the provinces should return to who interrupted the business of the law. The their former places of residence, whither they judge, however, found that his antigonist was should be conveyed at the expense of the state, not the man for him, armed as he was; so and employment be given them on the public works; or they might enlist in the army, even

had foreseen the result and been preparing for it. These men were undoubtedly the associates and accomplices of the bands who, on the 15th of May, attempted the overthrow of the National Assembly, and to place the reins of If you care anything about civilization, I'm authority in the hands of Barbes, Blanqui, and ready to give you a touch of it, by ——? As others of the same stamp. Therefore on the the sheriff and his officers were not enough, morning of June 22, sinister reports were spread among the workmen by the managers says he ain't satisfied, I'll adjourn the court of the plot, that they would be maltreated in the provinces; that some who had gone thithe er had been beaten; that the country about Sologne, to which they were destined, was a poisonous soil, where they would perish of hunger and disease. Under the influence of We have not hitherto published many of the these representations, a body of 400 presented

conflict was recognized as come, by men who

Here M. Gaillardet repeats the story of M calculated, under the circumstances, to beget Marie's, "that the men were not the slaves of feelings of levity, or suggest thoughts of irre- their spokesman," &c., and then goes on to

To DESTROY COCKROACHES .- Mr. Downing, lemnity. The following, however, we deem the celebrated Editor of the Horticulturist, says that he has tried the following and found it perfectly effectual:

If your correspondents will try the following simple plan, I will warrant them that every beetle and cockroach will shortly disappear, and that the kitchen will not again be infested. Add about a teaspoonful of powdered arsenic to about a tablespoonful of mashthe printer in my discourse. He is in a very ed boiled potatoes; rub and mix them well todisagreeable situation. He trusts every one, gether, and then crumble about a third of it, every night at bedtime, about the kitchen everywhere, and he hardly knows where to hearth; it will be eaten up, or nearly so, by any settler, according to the principles of the fifth section of said first above-recited act.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That immediately after the passage of this act, the Secretary of the Treasury shall appoint an agent to proceed forthwith to the different country seats of the countries of the said capital stock of this corporation to proceed fifty thousand dollars; and books of least ten successive days at each country seat of the said capital stock. or to

MAJ. GEN. WM. O. BUTLER. OF KENTUCKY.

> FOR GOVERNOR. HON. DAVID S. REID. OF ROCKINGRAM COUNTY.

Presidential Elector. WILLIAM S. ASHE.

N. Hanover County Democratic Nomine for the Legislature of N. C. SENATE, WILLIAM S. ASHE.

THOMAS E. WILLIAMS. NICHOLAS N. NIXON.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

AFor Editorial and other interesting matter, see fourth page.

TOWN MEETING-THE VOLUNTEERS .- At the call of the Intendent of Police, the citizens of Wilmington assembled at the Masonic Hall on vesterday, to take steps for the proper reception of our returned Volunteers. A Committee of 12 was appointed, who are to report to an adjourned meeting, to be held this evening, at 8 o'clock P. M., as to the proper manner, time, and place of the reception. We hope our citizens will see to it, that the liberal spi-

DEMOCRATS! TO THE POLLS.

On Thursday next, the independent voters of North Carolina will be called upon to determine whether the State shall be ruled for the next two years by a Republican or a Federal Governor. On next Thursday will be determined whether the next Legislature of North Carolina will be ruled by a reckless Federal majority, or whether the destinies of the State will be guided by Republican councils. The time for argument is now past.-The time for work is upon us. Is every Democrat in North Carolina prepared for the crisis? Is he prepared to work for victory?-This is most important. We hold that if every Democrat in the State will do his whole duty to his party on the day of election, that we can triumphantly carry the State. The Federal party in North Carolina are more apathetic than they have been at any one time within our recollection. Neither their Gubernatorial nor Presidential candidate is able to rally the enthusiastic support of the whole Federal party. This must be apparent to any one who will take the trouble to use his eves and ears. We feel certain that we can carry the State if our friends will make a vigorous push on the day of election. We conjure the Democratic party, then, to be up and doing. We call upon them, in the name of everything carry the field on Thursday next. Our party, thy and lukewarmness, to carry the State. Let every Democratic vote tell. See to it, we beg of you, that none remain away from the polls. is carried to the polls, and that he votes. This is all important. A few votes in every county will suffice to overcome the Federal majority by which our opponents have hitherto beaten us. We call upon every Democrat, then, to devote one day to the good cause. Stimulate the lukewarm-importune the negligent. Above all things, go to the polls, and see that every Democratic acquaintance does the same thing. Would it not be a proud achievement

of the news brought by the Hibernia. It is marked the 8th, 9th, and 10th of June. The of a gratifying character. The reader cannot Washington Union says that those post-markbut be pleased to find that the Government of ed the 7th and 9th of June, are supposed to France is now placed on a better basis than be addressed in the hand-writing of Governor at any time since the commencement of the Morehead. They have been shewn to some revolutionary movement. We hope General of the North Carolina members, who do not Cavaignac may prove to his distracted counhesitate to pronounce it to be his. So Gov. eral aspect of affairs in Europe is more promi- Taylor, and he refused to take it out of the ofsing than it has been for some months. Con- fice. It is a strange affair, all through. Time, Northern Whigs to the conclusion, that he is fidence in financial affairs is much restored. we suppose, will unravel the mystery. We hope that each successive arrival may

exertions, and victory must be ours.

tion of the Territorial Governments, has giv- lant deeds are held in their native State. en rise to a warm debate in the Senate, which will not adjourn before from

DEATH.—On Sunday last, a dispute arose of Rev. A. P. Repiton, and Sam, the property woods, which resulted in the death of Sam, caused by a blow inflicted on his head by Abraham. The latter is now in jail.

papers of the 21st instant, come to us in the We would advise "A Voter," should he ahabiliments of mourning, on account of the gain write for the papers, not to stick it on death of Gov. Shunk, who recently resigned quite so thick. the Gubernatorial chair, on account of ill

Brazos on the 15th inst.

altar of their country's bonor and glory. This feeling has been impressed upon us by the ar-FOR VICE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES. rival of the remains in our town, on their way to the homes of their fathers, of two of the gentleman. He died suddenly in Petersburg, President of the Republic, for the purpose of gallant sons of North Carolina.

ny, arrived in the steamer on their way to his father's residence in Bladen. Well do we recollect with what ardor and enthusiasm Lieut. Beatty entered upon the service of his country, in which it has been his fate to meet an untimely death. His memory, however, will be embalmed in the hearts of his fellow-citi-

On Wednesday, the remains of Capt. Shiver, of the Cabarrus Company, also arrived here, on their way to that County. Although these gallant sons of the Old North State died not as the soldier loves to die, on the battlefield, with their "back to the sod, and their face to the foe," still they died in their counry's service, and are entitled to, and will, be gratefully remembered by the people of their native State.

DISCUSSION AT SMITHVILLE.—We had the pleasure of being present at Smithville, Bruns wick County, on Saturday last, when the people of that County were addressed on political rit which our town enjoys may be sustained subjects by Messrs. David Reid, Griffith J. McRee, M. B. Smith, and Joseph Evans. Mr. Reid led off in an address of about an hour, in which the principles, measures, and policy of the Democratic party were most ably and eloquently explained and defended. Mr. McRee replied, as an adherent of Gen. Taylor and the Whig party. His speech was well delivered, and had he had the right side of the question, we are free to admit that he could have talked eloquently and well. As it was, his was an up-hill labor. He did one thing which no Whig that we know of in North Carolina has done since the commencement of the present campaign. He boldly took the ground that the Whigs, if they should get into power, would modify the present Tariff bill. Stick a pin there. Mr. Smith rejoined, on the Democratic side. We had never before had the pleasure of hearing Mr. Smith. He proved himself on that occasion an ardent and capable champion of the good cause. Some of his hits were home thrusts, and told upon the enemy Mr. Evans, of Cumberland, wound up

the discussion, on the Whig side. His speech was short and temperate. The Democrats present on the occasion were well pleased with the manner in which the Republican banner was sustained on the day in question The whole discussion was conducted in a spirit of fairness and gentility that we hope may prevail everywhere throughout the campaign.

SOUTHERN WHIGS, LOOK AT THIS .- Mr. carry the election in August. North Carolina | Corwin, the Whig Senator from the State of is the first State that votes after the Presiden- Ohio, in the speech which he delivered in the tial nominations, and the influence of her de. | Senate on Monday last, in opposition to the cision will be felt throughout the Union. Gird Compromise Territorial Bill, declared, as his up your loins then, brother Democrats, and deliberate opinion, that Gen. Taylor would make a bold, united, and persevering effort to not get the vote of a single Whig in the "free States," if it was believed that he would veto as a general rule, lose enough votes, by apa- any law extending the principle of the ordinance of 1787 to the new territories; that he not this be the case on next Thursday. Let certainly would not get his (Mr. C.'s) vote; and that they relied on his published letters as full security that he (Gen. T.) would not veto Make it your duty to see that every Democrat such a law. Now we ask if this is not another pregnant proof that the Northern men are running Gen. Taylor on the strength of his "Signal" letter. If Gen. Taylor be the bold independent man that his friends would have us to think him, we say that he ought at once to let his opinions be known on this all-important question. Will he do this? See his dodging letter published in this paper else-

to carry the good Old North State? Work the vile Locofoco Post Masters did not actualyour whole souls into the matter, and you can | Taylor. It seems that he refuses to take out achieve success. In a word, let every mando of the Post Office such letters as are not posthis duty as faithfully and as well as though paid. A number of letters with his address the whole result depended upon his individual were sent by the Post Master at Baton Rouge, Gen. Taylor's Post Office, to the Dead Letter Office at Washington City. Amongst them, Foreign.—Elsewhere we give a summary several from the City of Philadelphia, post-

My Lieut. Col. Bragg, and Major Theophiconfirm the present pleasing prospect of affairs lus Holmes, two of the most gallant and distinguished names that have figured in the late Messrs. Venable and Featherston, of the war, passed through this place on Wednesday House of Representatives, will accept our last, on their way to Washington City. Both thanks for public documents which they have of these distinguished officers are sons of our own State, and we hope that their fellow-citi-Congress - Contrary to expectation, the zens will take early steps to evince to them bill for the final settlement of the vexed ques. | the esteem and admiration in which their gal-

CLINTON-" A Voter."-Under the signapromises to be also very protracted. At one ture of "A Voter," some rabid Whig has time we thought the bill would be passed al- written for the Commercial of yesterday, a most without debate at all. Now we are in long communication, purporting to give an doubts whether it can pass at all. This ques- account of the discussion at Clinton, Sampson that he has not as yet received any communi- cutor in person; he had all the incidental advantion has now got into the House, and Heaven County, on the 19th instant, between Messrs. cation from Gen. Taylor, but sends for publionly knows when it will get out of that sa- Ashe and Davis, the Democratic and Federal cation, Mr. Fillmore's letter of acceptance.— from the extraordinary privilege of conducting the pient body. From all appearances, Congress | Electors for this District. Now "A Voter" ought to know that a "review" so one-sided mittal. It amounts to simply this: I, Millard testimony; this latter being a privilege very rarein its character, utterly fails to accomplish the Fillmore, accept the nomination of the Philaends aimed at. Every one who knows Messrs. Ashe and Davis, well knows that the idea of of Stephen D. Wallace, whilst gambling in the William S. Ashe being demolished on the mounts to. We shall recur to it again. stump by George Davis, is ridiculous. We have heard from that discussion too, and we know that the Democrats of Sampson were the hospitalities of the town to such of the cannot perceive where can be found a decent preperfectly satisfied with the manner in which DEATH OF GOV. SHUNK .- The Philadelphia their principles were sustained by Mr. Ashe.

health. He expired at Harrisburg on the 20th instant. Another great and good man is dead.

(CF) The State Elections in the following States come off on the 7th of next month, viz: that the war has cost us half a million of dol-Kentucky. Indiana, Illinois, Missouri, Alaba
(CF) It would be worse than a waste of time tin us, to say a word in reply to the Commercial notice, is the account which we find in the Baltimore Sun, of Monday last, of a Wilmot Proviso meeting in that city, the Metropolis of Maryland, a slaveholding State! What Virginia, the N. Y. Herald says, has received a latter from the Hon. Henry Clay, stating that Kentucky, Indiana, Illinois, Missouri, Alabalars per day? Mr. Webster, who is a distinma, and Iowa.

Mr. Webster, who is a distinma, and Iowa.

Of Maryland, a slaveholding State! What lars per day? Mr. Webster, who is a distinnext? Just think of David Wilmot, the fatha letter from the Hon. Henry Clay, stating that
ing over the poor, down-trodden of the earth?

Of Maryland, a slaveholding State! The departments seem without the fatha letter from the Hon. Henry Clay, stating that
ing over the poor, down-trodden of the earth?

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we differ from him in politics, still we knew Mr. Polk as hostile to Gen. Scott. They even presume his son Seaton Gales, who has just graduated at the University of North Carolina, will take his place as Editor of the Register. He is represented as a young man of fine talents and acquirements.

THE TERRITORIAL BILL.—We have receive ed a copy of the Territorial Bill now being discussed in the Senate. It is long, consistng of 36 sections, and provides for the Government of Oregon, California, and New Mex-

ico. We can't, of course, just now, publish it, especially as we do not know whether it of paramount importance. The first, which fixes the legislative powers of Oregon, is in the following words:

Section 6th. " The legislative power of the territory shall extend to all rightful subjects of legisation consistent with the constitution of the Unied States, and the provisions of this act; but no law shall be passed interfering with the primary disposal of the soil; no tax shall be imposed upon lands or other property of non-residents be taxed exact impartiality towards all parties. higher than the lands or other property of residents. All the laws passed by the legislative assembly shall be submitted to the Congress of the United States, and if disproved, shall be null and

The next section is the 26th in the bill, and regulates the legislative authority in the Ter-

itories of California and New Mexico. Section 26th provides "that the legislative pow er of said territory shall, until Congress shall otherwise provide, be vested in the Governor, Secretary, and Judges of the Supreme Court, who, or a majority of them, shall have power to pass any law for the administration of justice in said territory, which shall not be repugnant to this act, or inconsistent with the laws and constitution of the United States. But no law shall be passed interfering with the primary disposal of the soil, respecting an establishment of religion, or respecting slavery; and no tax shall be imposed upon the property of the United States, nor shall the ands or other property of non-residents be taxed higher than the lands or other property of residents. All the laws shall be submitted to the Congress of the United Stated, and, if disapproved, shall be null and void.'

We say these are the important features of the Bill: in them the slavery question is setiled. It will be seen, that so far as Oregon is concerned, that practical slavery will, under this bill, be prohibited, and that into California and New Mexico, all parties will have a ight to migrate and carry with them slaves or any other property they may choose. Should sed of in the Supreme Court of the United

In the Worcester, Massachusetts, True Fort Jesup. The True Whig is a paper established for the express purpose of advocating the pretensions of Gen. Taylor in Massachusetts, and publishes the letter we allude to. for the purpose of convincing the anti-slavery men of that State, that Gen. Taylor is better for them than Gen. Cass, on this point. The writer-the Rev. Mr. Lamb-after speaking of his opportunities of knowing Gen. Taylor, goes on with the following paragraphs:

With regard to Slavery, and extension of Territory, I assure you that neither for a slave market nor any other object was General Taylor in favor of conquest and annexation. He was not in favor of receiving Texas into our Union, nor in favor of the recent war with Mexico. The onv evidence of his being in favor of Slavery, that I ever saw or heard of was the fact, that he did what every man at the South must do, if he would have slaves, viz: either own or hire slaves. I do people living in his family could read well and ere very pious. I never heard a word from the General in favor of the slave system, but on the contrary, his decided preference for the institutions and customs of the North

lowing his plantation to be on the Mississippi, inallowed to hang no mun upon an inference. I assure you, that if elected he will do more for peace and emancipation than any Northern man would be allowed to do.

Now, of course we do not pretend to say try a true republican and a patriot. The gen- Morehead did not post-nay his letter to Gen. first place, that the only recorded opinions with them on this point; and in the second place, we say that the Northern Whig papers are holding him up to the anti-slavery men of the free States, as far more sound (in the Northern sense of that term) than Gen. Cass, on the Slavery question. Of this, the extract which we quote above, is evidence. We see here a minister of the Gospel addressing the public not be unfavorable to their view of the slave-

This letter is short, and perfectly non-com- investigation in person, and of summing up the delphia Convention, and shall be pleased if I am elected. This is about what the letter a lisfactory proof that he has failed—the fault proba-

Our neighbors of Favetteville have had a town meeting, for the purpose of tendering whole regiment—if they will accept the invitation. This is in the right spirit.

PASSING STRANGE.—One of the most strange, and to us surprising political movements which this era of strange things has presented to our Morehead's letters, and therefore we may daily of character, is allowed to vote. Is it not bad this era of strange things has presented to our Morehead's letters, and therefore we may daily of character, is allowed to vote. Is it not bad upon the charge of being impliand to us surprising political movements which

GEN. SCOTT AND THE ADMINISTRATION.

him in all the relations of life, to be a high went so far as to charge directly that Mr. Polk souled, liberal, generous and kind hearted was using the power vested in his hands as veto an act of Congress prohibiting slavery in the on Sunday morning of appoplexy, we learn. injuring the character of a gallant and veteran On Tuesday, the remains of Lieut. J. B. He was on his way home, from Old Point officer. Now, we said at the time that the ceipt of your communication of the 3d inst. Beatty, of the Cumberland and Bladen Compa. Comfort, where his family were staying. We charge was groundless—absolutely false.— The facts which the recent Court of Inquiry have elicited, prove beyond a cavil that Mr. Polk only did what his duty compelled him to do, in the whole matter of the difficulty between Scott, Worth, Pillow, and others. The following remarks of the Washington Union, I see no reason for departing from this principle.

we commend to the consideration of the reader. A perusal of them will inform him of the position which the government occupied towards Gen. Scott, and in other ways give him information which ought to be in the possession of every man :-

"We are informed," says the Washington will ever become the law of the land. We Union, "that all-or all but one-of the cases clip, however, from the Bill, the two sections which were referred to the Court of Inquiry, have been brought to a conclusion; and it seems not to be improper now to allude to the subject, with a view to correct an erroneous impression which the friends of Gen. Scott have industriously labored to create that he has not been fairly treated in this matter by the government.

"The sole purpose of our remarks will be to point out the entire groundlessness of such an imputation, and to show that the government have only done, in regard to these investigations, what the property of the United States; nor shall the duty required, and have done that, with the most

> " It will be recollected that after the glorious achievements of our army had carried them to the city of Mexico, and when there was no longer an enemy in the field to contend with, a feud broke out among some of its principal officers. The unpleasant news reached us, that Gen. Scott had nut n arrest and confined to limits. Gens. Worth and Pillaw and Col. Duncan—the two former next in rank to himself, and the third equal in public estimation to an officer of the highest rank, on account of most gallant services.

"Gen. Scott sent charges to the government against each of these officers, and asked for a Court-Martial to try them. At the same time, a complaint was received by the government from Gen. Worth in the nature of a charge against General

"The government preferred - for reasons stated the public documents already published, and which must, by all fair-minded readers, be deemed satisfactory-to refer all these matters of reciprocul complaint and accusation, to a Court of Inquiry, which was accordingly organized and sent to fexico for that purpose. As Gen. Scott's charge against Gen. Worth was based on Gen. Worth's charge against him it was decided to be proper to investigate that charge before investigating Gen. Scott's charges and complaints against General Worth founded upon it. This order of proceed ing was at first complained of as unfair towards Gen. Scott : but after the publication of the letter of the Secretary of War, of the 13th of January showing the reason for the course adopted, we are not aware that the complaint has been reiterated Sure we are that in fairness it could not be.

"When the parties appeared in court in Mexico, Gen. Scott, in open court, expressed a wish to withdraw his charges against Col. Duncan; and any question arise as to the right of individu- Gen. Worth expressed a like wish in regard to his receive the direction of the government.

"As the government had had no agency whatever in having any of the charges brought forward. and as it did not believe that the matters involved in them contained anything so affecting the public Whig, we find a letter, written by a Rev. Mr. interest as to demand an investigation in opposi-Lamb, Presbyterian Minister, who acted as tion to the wishes of those by whom they were Chaplain under Gen. Taylor for six years at preferred, it refused to direct further proceedings, and sanctioned the withdrawal. The charges preferred againt Gen. Pillow were then the only matter before the court. There was a long and scrutinizing investigation by the court into these charges, commenced in Mexico, adjourned to the Uni-

"On this investigation, Gen. Pillow was the accused, and Gen. Scott was the accuser, the prosecutor, and was himself examined as one of he witnesses; and yet, strange to say, the impression was artfully made on many honest minds that all this time Gen. Scott was on trial by the orders of an ungrateful and persecuting govern-

" After Gen. Worth had withdrawn his charges against Gen. Scott, the objection to proceeding aaginst Gen. Worth was removed: and as soon as that fact was brought to the knowledge of the government. Gen. Scott's charges against him were sent to the same court for investigation, and char ges which Gen. Pillow had in the meantime filed against Gen. Scott, were also sent to the same tribunal. The orders of the government in these latter cases were not received by the court until it

"The investigation of Gen. Scott's charges a gainst Gen. Pillow having (as he conceived) bro't up for investigation most of the matters embraced n his charges against Gen. Scott, he (Gen. P.) tion not to prosecute these charges, considering that he had, in the evidence and documents produced in the investigation of Gen. Scott's charges against him, vindicated his character on the points in which it was assailed and aspersed by General Scott and other accusers.

"Gen. Pillow having thus, in effect, withdrawn his charges in the same manner as Gen. Scott had withdrawn those he had preferred against Col. Duncan, the government felt bound to pursue the same course in the latter case that it did in the former, and discharged the court from the conside-

"The only remaining cause new before the cour is Gen. Scott's charges against Gen. Worth, and t is believed the same course will be taken in that "Such, we believe, from the best information government has had in these matters. It seems that it has felt it to be its duty, where officers of high—the highest—rank have made charges, to afford the means of having them fairly investigated: but when a fair opportunity has been prefor the purpose of convincing the Northern sented of putting an end to the investigations with Wilmot Proviso Whigs, that he, Gen. T., will the consent of the accusing party, it has done so. It does appear to us that it evinces a strange perversion of mind to see in any of the acts of the government in all these matters any-the slight-

"In the only case that has been tried and bro't ly granted. With all these advantages, it he has failed in maintaining his charges—and the action of the Senate on Gen. Pillow's nomination is satbly is, that he was led to bring unsustainable char ges against a brother officer, who had participated wilh him in the brilliant achievements of the war

Volunteers as may pass through it-or to the text for the charge or insinuation, that in the whole of these matters the government have not acted fairly towards Gen. Scott."

that Gen. Taylor has received one of Gov. ignorant, and not possessed of one good trait attached.

The peace to our country, and with the return of our gallant citizen soldiery to the death of any individual has fallen the return of our gallant citizen soldiery to the death of any individual has fallen the return of our gallant citizen soldiery to the peace to our country, and with the return of our gallant citizen soldiery to the death of any individual has fallen the peace of the peace to our country, and with the return of our gallant citizen soldiery to the peace to our country, and with the death of any individual has fallen the return of our gallant citizen soldiery to the peace to our country, and with the return of our gallant citizen soldiery to the peace to our country, and with the death of any individual has fallen the peace to our country, and with the return of our gallant citizen soldiery to the peace to our country, and with the death of any individual has fallen the peace to our country. the return of our gallant citizen soldiery to their homes and their firesides, we cannot but upon us more painfully than that of Weston not have failed to hotice their persevering entheir homes and their firesides, we cannot but occasionally recur to the fate of those who have offered up their lives a sacrifice on the have offered up their lives a sacrifice on the from Gen Taylor, heretofore unpublished, in reply to inquiries by B. M. McConkey, the principal of which was whether he would, as President, new territories :-BATON ROUGE. (La..) Feb. 15. 1848.

Sir-I have the honor to acknowledge the re In reply to your inquiries, I have to inform you that I have laid it down as a principle, not to give my opinions upon, or prejudge in any way, the various questions of policy now at issue be ween the political parties of the country, nor to promise what I would or would not do, were I elected to the Presidency of the United States ; and that in the cases presented in your letter, I regret to add. With my profound acknowledgments for the

friendly sentiments towards me which you have been pleased to express,

I remain, sir, with great respect, your ob't serv't, Z. TAYLOR. Mr. B. M. McConkey, Cincinnati.

Now here is Mr. B. M. McConkey, of Cincinnati, a citizen of a free State, where the Whig party to a man are either Wilmot Proviso men or Abolitionists, who writes to Gen. Taylor for the express purpose of ascertaining whether, if elected President, he would veto the Wilmot Proviso, or rather an act of Congress prohibiting slavery in the new teritory, and General Taylor dodges the ques tion, out and out, in his answer. Surely if Gen. Taylor be what the Whigs of the South represent him on this question, he could have no hesitation in making up his opinion. Surely he must be sound on this point, if the Whig papers are to be credited; and if so, where is all that sturdy independence for which his friends laud him so much? The truth is, that he finds his "Signal" letter is doing for him all he can desire with the Whigs of the free States, and he does not want to commit himself farther either way, lest by so doing he would either on the one cent, in one week. hand injure himself with the North, or on the other with the South. And this is the sturdy, n-dependent old gentleman who would shrink from no responsibility"!

Mexico.—We have dates from the city of Mexico up to the 7th inst. Down to this time here was no authentic intelligence of a conflict between the Government forces under Bustamente, and the insurgents under Paredes and Father Jaurata. There was a rumor in the city the monarchy, the hope is raised that France of Vera Cruz on the 11th inst, that Paredes had will secure for herself, after all her bloodshed overthrown the government authorities, and and sacrifices, an effective, just, and modera- journed to to-morrow 10 o'clock, when the was in full march upon the city of Mexico. We hope and trust that the government of Presi- that the Presidency of the Republic shall be dent Herrera may be able to put down this given to Gen. Cavaignac for fifteen months. insurrectionary movement. He, we think, is one of the best men in Mexico.

STILL LATER. - Since writing the above, we find the following Telegraphic despatch in the Charleston Courier, of Tuesday morning. It is startling, and further details will be looked als to carry slaves into either of these two last charges against Gen. Scott. The court suspended for with interest. It may be that our govern- was good and equitable; but, in the course of port of entry. purpose than to protect our interest under the NEW-ORLEANS, July 22.

> An arrival from Mexico brings us three Capital are to the 11th inst.

nente, and the insurgents, under the lead of The loss of Paredes is stated at 27 killed, and 60 wounded. Jaurata is said to be among The Roads throughout the whole of Mexi-

co, are stated to be infested with robbers, who Another arrival bringing two days later inelligence, confirms positively the above inteligence of the success of the insurgents, and nounces that they will probably overturn

er and dissolve the existing authorities. Bustamente is said to have lost 500 men i the conflict that had taken place.

For the Journal. Mr. Editor: The Commercial of Saturday having denied the truth of the statement made in my communication that appeared in your paper of the 21st, I have taken the trouble to get the certificate of the individual, Lt. Jo. S. Pender of the Edgecombe Company N. C. Volunteers, to whom the language in question was addressed, which I herewith send you, and ask you to publish it. It is true Lt. that paper, that Gen. Taylor himself denies that he ever used such language. Well, now, not be agreeable to him that it should be oth-Pender is positive that he did say to him that they pretended not to understand French, and the officers of the North Carolina Regiment made the sentinel understand they were Poles privates shot. I have given the authority upon which I made the statement, and will here ted, and taken before the Commissary of Po-

PETERSBURG, July 24th, 1848. I do hereby certify that the language attributed to Gen. Taylor in a Communication that appeared in the Wilmington N. C. Journal of the 21st inst., to wit, " that the officers of the N. C. Regiment ought to be dishonorably discharged and the privates shot" &c., was uttered by him in my presence, and in fact ad-(Signed.) JO. S. PENDER.

of the Edgecombe Company, N. C. Volunteers.

For the Journal.

Mr. Editor: Allow me to say a few words to ou about "Free Suffrage." We Americans proless to be a truly republican people, who are born, we say, with equal rights and privileges. Is this the case? Let us see :- one child inherits from his parents fifty acres of landanother inherits nothing,-our constitution says that the latter shall not enjoy equal rights with the former; that, though he may be in-Q-We learn from the Picayune of the 14th, whilst the one with fifty acres of land, though enough to be poor with equal constitutional ue to be made upon the charge of being implipower enough over the poor, without consti-tutional privileges to assist him in desired to the murderer of the Archbishop of Paris. guished member of the Senate and of the Whig party, estimated it thus. Why is not his estimate as good as Mr. Stewart's?

next? Just think of David Wilmot, the father of the Senate and of the Whig party, estimated it thus. Why is not his estimate as good as Mr. Stewart's?

next? Just think of David Wilmot, the father of the infamous Proviso, being received with open arms by a meeting in a slaveholding State! Surely we live in strange times.

next? Just think of David Wilmot, the father of the infamous Proviso, being received with open arms by a meeting in a slaveholding State! Surely we live in strange times.

next? Just think of David Wilmot, the father of the Hon. Henry Clay, stating that he had not authorized Mr. Leslie Coombs, of Kentucky, to say that he. (Mr. Clay,) would support the nomination of Gen. Taylor.

Baltimore Clipper, 20th inst. pelled to answer yes. When our government calls for assistance to repel the invaders of our calls for assistance to repel the invaders of our French Assembly

GEN. TAYLOR AND THE WILMOT PROVISO, soil, who are the first to fly to arms, as com-

stitutional privileges over him. He returns, perhaps, covered, with wounds, and approaches the ballot box. We say to him, you have fought the battles of your country, you have acted nobly, and in so doing have saved our property and ourselves from the enemies of our country, but notwithstanding all this devotion to us and our country, you are deemed unworthy and incompetent to enjoy the privleges of a free American citizen?

Is there a man in the State of N. Carolina who is willing to debar this class of our citizens from enjoying the privileges of Americans-the right to vote for whom he chooses If there is, let us hear nothing more of his heing a democrat, but an aristocrat-one who is in favor of exclusive privileges

FOREIGN NEWS. ARRIVAL OF THE HIBERNIA.

7 Days Later from Europe. We condense from the Baltimore Sun the ollowing summary of the foreign intelligence brought by the steamship Hibernia:-

The Cunard steamer Hibernia, Capt. Shannon, arrived at New York on Friday night, at half past 8 o'clock, having sailed from Liverpool on the afternoon of the 8th instant. W give the following details of the latest foreign intelligence, from the European Times, for which we are indebted to the express of Messrs Adams & Co.:

The news is extremely favorable Pari continued perfectly quiet—an armistice of three months had been concluded between Denmark and Germany-England was media ting between Austria and Italy. In consequence of these events, and of the

unexpectedly favorable returns of the British revenue for the quarter ending June 5th, the funds had risen in London more than three per Cotton had advanced an eighth; breadstuffs tenor of his remarks cannot but be responded

remaining about as before. Business affairs generally in an improving state.

France-Condition of the Government The revolution of France has assumed a more promising aspect. The late insurrection having been completely quelled, and tranquility of to-day, are in favor of it. apparently restored, Gen. Cavaignac, as the lmost irresponsible Dictator of France, seems to be zealously occupied in consolidating the taining only so much of the bill as relates to Government; the funds are rapidly improving, and, for the first time since the overthrow of tive Executive. It is said that M. Dupin intends to propos

It was agreed, without discussion, on the 3d inst., to allow 10,000 francs a month to the President of the Council, Gen. Cavaignac. Gen. Cavaignac has given the Assembly.

agreeably to his promise, an account of the situation of the national workshops. These establishments, he said, presented a formidable organization. The idea of their institution and the Republic. Gen. Cavaignac had paid of the motion to reconsider the vote on orderthe most serious attention to the matter, and ing the said bill to be engrossed, vesterday came to the resolution of suppressing them al. made by Mr. Cobb, of Georgia, when Mr. together. Since the late insurrection he had Clingman moved to lay the motion to reconinterrogated several persons respecting the sider on the table, which last motion was dedays later intelligence. The dates from the number of individuals who participated in it, cided in the affirmative, 99 to 88. and the highest number he had heard mention-An engagement had taken place between ed by the most competent to know the truth. he government troops, commanded by Busta- did not exceed 50,000. Now, the effective number of operatives inscribed on the regisbetween 105,000 and 106,000, so that the combatants belonging to them were in a great the severely wounded, and probably mortal- minority. This fact was proved by the arrests subsequently made.

Paris still continues in a state of siege, and will continue to do so up to the 25th ultimo. growing out of the late insurrection The provinces are represented as being in a

state of tremendous excitement. Riots, mobs. and outbreaks are the order of the day. been returned to the arsenals of the State. In some quarters several persons gave up their objectionable features were not removed he muskets and swords with great alacrity, but would vote against it. earch having been made in their houses, arm General Officers Killed.—The following is

the latest report of the superior officers killed and wounded in the insurrection:—Gen. Ne- bill, and expressed his regrets that any oppogrier, killed; Gen. Brea, assassinated; Gen. Francais, killed; Gen. Regnaud, killed; Gen. Bourgou, received a ball in the thigh, since next addressed the Senate. He denied that he dead: Gen. Corte, wounded in the leg-his was there to represent the views of his prestate satisfactory: Gen. Damesme, his leg has been amputated: Gen. Duvivier, wounded in Gen. Fourther, wounded in attacking a barri White, so the Commercial says, has informed cade in the Faubourg du Temple; Gen Lafontaine, since dead. Thus ten general officers have been killed or wounded. The number of colonels and superior officers put hors

Russian Gold -On the 29th, a sentinel ob served a cabriolet, in which were two men, pass by him, which attracted his attention. two men, he called on the driver to stop. The erwise, or, possibly, he may have used the men were obliged to descend, and on searchlanguage in a moment of excitement, and has ling the cabriolet, a large sum in gold, of Russian coinage, and a considerable quantity o should be dishonorably discharged and the A National Guard addressed them in Polish but no reply; in English and German, no better success was obtained. They were arresrest the matter. The public can judge for it- lice. They were armed with dagger pistols. Documents have been found implicating

Girardin in having received money from Russia, the Carlists, Orleanists, and Bonapartists Russian roubles have been said to have been found in his apartments. Lamartine going to the East .- A circum stance has transpired which has created no lit-

tle surprise. M. de Lamartine is about to quit France. The pretext is, that he intends to travel in the East, and that he is to be accom panied hy Madame de Lamartine. His departure must be very near at hand, as it is said that some of his luggage has already been disdatched for Marseilles The paper of the Abbe de Lammennais, the

Peuple Constituant, attributes the late rebellion to the intrigues of the House of Orleans. Of the prisoners confined in the barrack of the Rue de Tounon, a hundred have escaped into the catacombs, and can nowhere be found. It is said that, according as the judicial authorities proceed with their labors, the facts

developed become more serious. Thirty-four additional warrants were issued on the 5th instant, not against obscure insurgents, but against persons who appear to have performed an important part in the revolt, and who extelligent, and possessed of all the requisites of ercised a decisive influence on the facts which good citizen, he is incompetent to vote, preceded it. Four persons were arrested on the Place de la Concorde, on the 3d instant, to North-Eastern division. To this the Secretawhose capture considerable importance was

rights? Does not wealth give its possessor cated in the insurrection. A clue has been exists against the General.

Ireland.—Ireland still continues in an unsettled state. The Irish press is, if any thing, bolder and more determined in its tone than hitherto. The belief that a general rising will take place so soon as the present harvest is One hundred thousand well armed and drilled men are said to be in readiness at a moment's notice to rally in defence of their country's rights. The crops are good, and thus far the potato rot has barely made its appearance The sympathy expressed in America for the Irish people is acknowledged by the Irish press with gratitude and warmth.

England is perfectly tranquil, and the funda have gone up considerably. Matters on the Continent of Europe are as-

suming a more pacific aspect. For the foreign markets, we refer to our commercial head.

FOUR DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE-Arrival of the United States.-We have received the Baltimore Sun of Wednesday morning, in which we find a telegraphic account of thear. rival of the steamer United States at New York, on Tuesday last. The United States brings 4 days later intelligence than that brott mo gin Wa bab So bes

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by the Hibernia. Paris remained perfectly tranquil. 12,000 prisoners had been taken. The French funds had materially improved.

England was quiet. Cotton at Liverpool was firm, and the recent rise in prices fully sustained.

Ireland continued disturbed, and several important arrests had been made Mr. Martin. the Editor of the "Felon" newspaper, had been committed to Newgate; so also had Mr.

Duffy, a writer for the paper. The Emperor of Russia had concentrated an army of 60,000 men on the river Danube. The United States sailed from Liverpool on the 12th instant.

THIRTIETH CONGRESS, 1st SESSION. SATURDAY, July 22, 1848 In the Senate, to-day, the Territorial bill oc. cupied the whole session. Mr Clayton, the Chairman of the Select Committee that reported the bill first, addressed the Senate, and the to by every lover of the Union.

The discussion was long and animated. The Northern members, at least a portion of them, oppose the whole bill, whilst the South, so far as can be ascertained from the discussion

Mr. Baldwin moved to amend the bill, by striking out all after the 20th section, thus rethe Oregon Territory. This motion was lost by a vote of 17 ayes to 37 nays. This is sup. nosed to be an indication of the vote upon the hill itself. The Senate, at a late hour, addebate will be resumed.

The House proceeded to the consideration of the bills and resolutions from the Senate upon the Speaker's table, and several were read the first and second time, and referred. Bill authorising the Secretary of the Treas-

urv to make a compromise with the sureties f Francis D. Newcombe, late Surveyor Gen. eral of Louisiana, was passed. Also, bill to facilitate international exchan-

Also, Senate bill to make Bangor, Maine, a The House then

The bill was then passed, (including the provision of \$50,000 for the improvement of Savannah river,) 108 to 76, and sent to the Senate. Adjourned.

MONDAY, July 24. In the Senate the General Appropriation bill was taken up, read twice and referred to committee of Finance. On motion of Mr. Clayton, the Territorial bill was taken up.

Mr. Clark of Rhode Island, a member of the Select committee that reported the bill, addressed the Senate. In the course of his remarks, he informed the Senate, that, although in committee he gave his assent to the reporting the bill, that still he then reserved to himself the right of dissenting from several of its features in the Senate. He stated that it the

Mr. Miller of New Jersey, next addressed the Senate in opposition to the whole bill. Mr. Phelps, of Vermont, (one of the committee,) addressed the Senate in favor of the sition should come from the North

Mr. Fitzgerald, successor to Gen. Cam. decessor, Gen. Cass, on that or any other sub-Mr. Corwin, of Ohio, made a long and fu-

rious speech in opposition to the whole bill. The Senate adjourned without any vote. In the House, a message was received from

the President, in answer to the resolutions of the House of the 10th inst, requesting information in relation to the boundaries of New Mexico and California, and the authority up on which civil governments were established The President transmits reports from the Secretary of State, the Secretary of War, and the

furnish the information upon the several points of inquiry embraced in the resolutions. The President refers to his several messages on this subject, and goes at great length into an examination of the whole subject. A joint resolution was adopted that the Preident of the Senate and Speaker of the House,

Secretary of the Treasury. These reports

to adjourn their respective Houses on the 7th of August-126 to 49 A debate occurred on printing the message of the President received to day. After debate, the subject was made the order of the

day for Thursday next. Adjourned. TUESDAY, July 25. In the Senate, the great absorbing topic of slavery in the Territories was under consideration, and occupied all the day. The debate is hourly becoming more and more exciting, and the fears now are that no compromise can be effected. The Senate was addressed by Messrs. Underwood, Butler, Westcott, Foote, and Johnston of Maryland. No vote was ta-

In the House, the slavery question was brought up in full blast, in Committee of the Whole. The Oregon Bill reported with the 12th section—the Wilmot Proviso—was ander consideration. Mr. Harris, of Alabana, addressed the House, taking, of course, the Southern view. He was replied to by Mr. Conger, of Ohio. No vote taken.

The Northern Division .- One of the merous Washington correspondents of the N. Y. Herald writes as follows:

" A short time since, Gen. Scott addressed a communication to the War Department, stating that he perceived the different Generals were being assigned divisions of the army; and that, if not inconsistent with the public service, he would wish to be assigned to the ry of War replied in effect that the Department Gen. Scott's request. From this it would appear that no very great feeling of animosity

Our Territory.—Oregon is said to conming The departments seem tolerably quiet. The 218,536,320 acres; California and New Mexical Acres (California and New Mexical Acres) co contain 500,000 square miles. They an the other Territories of the Union, equal at

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THE NORTH CAROLINA REGIMENT .- The Siewat, JS jist of the North Carolina Regiment, taken Turner, TT from the Muster Rölls, has been furnished us Tipton, John hy Adjutant J. B. Whitaker, and we hasten to Troutman, W enread it before our readers, as we know there Vance, N W are many of them extremely anxious to know | Washburn, J the fate of friends and relatives, who went to Wilkinson, F, Kunn, JC. Phillips, TJ do The six Companies enumerated below, ar-

fived at Smithville in 12 days from New-Orleans, on Monday last, under Col. Paine .-Major Wilder, Paymaster, has been endeavoring for some days past, to make the necessary James T Mitchell, 2d Lt monetary arrangements for paying off the Regiment. On Wednesday morning he went to William P Watlington, 1st Sergeant, Washington for this purpose, and will not probably be back before Monday or Tuesday .- John T Hambrick, 4th do. So that the Regiment will not be discharged before Wednesday or Thursday.

The troops are in fine health, and are anxious to get home.

The remaining four companies, A, B, E, and G. arrived at Old Point on Saturday last. It is still a matter of doubt whether they will Albert G Bradsher, be discharged there or ordered round to Smith-

CABARRUS Co., COMPANY. Company C., Commanded by Capt. Area.

OFFICERS. Martin Shiver, Capt., Died 15th Aug 1847. Present. H A Area, Captain, N Slough, Lt I Black welder. Lt do Resigned. A B Pharr, Lt PRIVATES. Barnhart, George K Present Disch'd., June, 1847. Brantly, John N Blackwelder, J A Present Died 22d July, 1847. Braswell, Briant Ballard, John Present. Burmingham, Alexander Alackwelter, Riley Caricher, Moses K do Cline, Burton do Disch'd Nov 24 1847. Cress, Giles Caricher, Wiley Present Left without leave. Craton, Henry

Present.

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Discharged Oct. 12th, 1847.

Died 8th July, 1847.

Died April 3, 1847.

Died 8th Oct., 1847.

Died 28th March, 1847.

Died 19th August, 1847.

Died 1st August, 1847.

Discharged, July 31, 1847.

Present.

Present.

do

Died 9th July, 1847.

Died 7th July, 1847.

do

Benjamin Phillips,

Roburtos Simmons,

Charles L Simpson,

Iban Rice,

Cauble, John M Dorton, James Davis, Rolin Died 12th Sept. 1847. Eldleman, Adam Fry, Joseph M Flowers, Enoch Died 24th March, 1847. Faggart, Daniel E jarris, William Green, David Gorrel, John R Hartsel, Joshua Hudson, William J lunnycut, Leonard

Hartsel, Edmund Died 19th Aug., 1847. Heathcock, John K Hudson, Richard R Hudson, James rby, John Johnson, McCarney Kinally, P A Died 18th Oct. 1847. Klutch, Daniel C Little, Martin C.

Lefler, William Long, Jacob K Luton John Morris, John Mitchell, Volentine N Discha'd 24th March, 1848. Miller, Daniel Martin, Isaac A Mason, John McDuffie, William loring, William I

lamb. John

Morton, Stephen G Powers, James Penninger, Henry Penninger, James P Page, James Ross, William Roark, Robert Scott, Uriah Stough, Martin Seamone, George

Smith, Valentine Stough, William Sloop, A N Stewart, James Troutman, Simeon Tucker, Timothy Turner, HP PRIVATES PRESENT.

Todd. Martin Vanderberg, Levi Vanderberg, S Winckoff, John D F Watkins, Wm C Watkins, Wm Ringstaff, John Swink. Kirby, J M Died 8th August, 1847. PRESENT. -- A Joiner, P C Area, L A Melthor, J N Brown, D Goodman, J B Douglass. Number Deserted,

YANCY Co., COMPANY. Company D, commanded by Capt. Constable. OFFICERS. Present.

Constable, J. H., Captain, Nichols, S, 1st Lieutenant, lones, J, 2d Lieutenant, White, N, 2d Lieutenant, do PRIVATES. Discharged, April 23, 1848. Brock well. A Blalock, W Present. Blalock, E N Barbee, M B

April 23, 1848. Brooks, N G Brantly, O March 16, 1848. Bailey, L Boon, R Died, May 31, 1847 Butler, T Discharged, October 18, 1847. Britton, R G Carr, A B Crabtree, John Curren. T Carraway, D ollis, J

Barton, T

ook, C Duke, W G Davis, A lickson, R W Discharged, Aug. 28, 1847. Present. Dickinson, John Davis, T C Davenport, W B Discharged June 21, 1847. uckworth, D

Pavenport, J W Present. Diel, August 27, 1847. Jenkins, James lintoff, M Green, S M Died, August 25, 1847. Jenkins, W H Freen, Adolphus licks, T do loward J Hensley, G Horn, C P Harriss, N T do nglish, I M

ones, T ennings, J R Present. ones, A J ohnston, W T ones, S Keith, W M Died, March 16, 1847. Keith, J S Discharged, October 18, 1847. Keith, R C Lile. J

Present. edford. P Died, April 17, 1847. edford, John ckinney, M Present Died, August 5, 1847. oney, G urray, W Present Died, April 25, 1847. ler, G cCowley, G

Left at Carrallton, La. ichols, H Left at Wilmington, Feb. 25,'47. eal, H Left at New Orleans. utall, E J Left at Carrallton, La. s, John s, G W Present. Died, April 26, 1847.

ly, M B, B Prichert, G W Pate, do do Ward, John lay, L T, Ray, J lay, Berry Died, October 22, 1847. oberson, W mith, W Smith, G W

Present. Discharged, July 31, 1847. mpson, J M, Sharp, M Present carlott, Thomas Discharged July 21, 1847. tout, D, Stewart, W R terrart, W, Sizemore, A

Discharged, August 28, 1847. Transferred to G Co. Terry, L T Discharged, July 31, 1847. Present. CASWELL Co., COMPANY.

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS. George Williamson, Captain. Robert M. Wiley, 2d Lt SERGEANTS. Ellison C Clarke, 2d do, Iverson M Glass. 3d do. do

Company F, commanded by Capt G Williams.

Francis M Burns, 1st Corporal, William H. Rice, 2d do, Rufus B Chandler, 3d do, Hiram M Price, 4th do, Musician. - Alexander Royster,

Thomas Brooks, Martin Browning, Jr, Joseph Dill. Joseph W Dupree, John Fugua, David A. Gillespie, William O Gillespie, do Jacob H Harrel, George Harvill, James Harvill, Thomas R Hatchett, do William Henderson, Jr, Charles H Hooper, Henry G Howard. John B Hemphill, Wilson Hudgeons, James C Ingram. B N Jackson, Thomas W Jeffreys, Joseph B Kennon, William T Kimbrough, John W Mimms, William J Montgomery. do William A Moore, John Pierce,

Jonathan Terrel. do Nathaniel Ware, do Nathaniel L Williamson, George Yates,, DISCHARGED. Calvin L Graves, Serg't Aug 24, 1847 James M Burton, do Aug 11, 1847 Robert Allen Private, Aug 24, 1847. Wm P Anderson, do Aug 24, 1847 Thomas Freeland, do July 31, 1847. Martin L Goodson, do Nov 24, 1847 Richard D Jones, do April 22, 1848 Robert B Jones, do Oct 16, 1847. Oct 16, 1847. Lewis Love, William Matlock, do Oct 16, 1847. J M McMinnamy, do Oct 16, 1847. Isaac Rooth, Aug 11, 1847

Lindsay Roberts, 1st Serg't, Feb'y 29, 1848. Yancy Carver. Corp'l, June 3, 1847. John A Davis, July do Myles Boyce, Musician, May Private, July David Bell, John Boyce, Aug 17. Lorenzo Bradsher, Oct June 26, " Jeremiah Bradsher, James M Chandler, do June 15, Died 3d June, 1847. Benjamin Cosand, June 10. June 28. James A Cox, William H Glasgow, May 19, Solomon Hunter June 16, M'ch 14, " James H Miller John M Mitchell. Aug. 1, 26, George Morton, July 6, " James G Mason, June 25, " Henry Rolin, June 25, " John H Thompson, Richard R Wright. June 11, "

TRANSFIRRED. William P Graves, Appointed, Act. Com. Sub by the President, Aug. 8, 1847. L Watson Jones, Appointed Qr Mas Serg't. Rush J Mitchell, Appointed Act Qr Master by

the President, April 27, 1848. DESERTED. John H Lee. Feb'y 6, 1847 James Stephens, Ephraim Tucker, Wm Tarlton, Joseph B Thomas Town end, July 11, 1848. Present number of Company, Number Discharged, 12. 20. Number Died. Nunber Transferred, Original number of Company, NEW-HANOVER Co., COMPANY H.

Commanded by Lieut. G. E. B. Singletary. OFFICERS. Lt. G E B Singletary, Commanding Lt Edward Yarbrough. present Lt J B Whitaker, Adj't. Regiment do PRIVATES.

Lt D H Black, Present -- Eghert B Ashe, (transferred to Capt. Meares's company Arkansas Cavalry, came on transported with the egiment,) A Bourdeaux, Stephen Boyett. John W Burns, F B Crenshaw, Isaac M Daniel, Ed Dudley Jas Fowler, Isaiah L Goodwin, Wiley Harding, Jos Hardie, E D Hayes, Gabriel Holmes, jr., Wesley M Jones, Jas C Lumsden, J Q Mallard, Wm Mesrick, Robt Melvin, George Morrisey, Benj Mott, Jas M Morgan, W D McDaniel, Marsden Scarlett, Richard Salmon, Thomas G Scott, John H Semonas, William Skipper, Hogan H Smith, Henry Smith, Orrain R Smith, Charles Tuilington, Robert J Twis-Died, March 5, 1847. dale, Chas Walton, Amos Williams, Lewis L Weatherspoon, Sanders Woodward, James Wilson, James R Wren, Jno Young, T Rockwood, T C Champ, R Paschall, H Bonham, Edward Rowlett, Davidson, (joined by transfer from Capt. Meares' Co. Arkansas Cavalry, Pollard, (joined by transfer from Va. Regt. Died July 14th, 1847 Armstrong, Wm H, Died June 22d, 1847 Dudley, P J Died, January 5, 1848 George Rihl, Died Sept 9, 1847 Ellington, Wm Freeman, George W Died July 19, 1847 Died Aug 19, 1847 Died July 4, 1847 Died July 20th, 1847 Present Lewis, William Died July 28, 1847 McDaniel, George Died June 27, 1847 Nobles, Calvin P Died Aug 26. 1847 Died, June 8, 1847. Chesley O. Olive, Present. Taylor, Thos J Died, Sept 1st, 1847 Died, May 3, 1847 Utley, Chas H Walker, Jno M Died at Sea, March 11, 1847 Died, June 11, 1847 Died, July 8, 1847. Harvey, Isaac Richard Perry, Died, Aug, 1847 Discharged Nov 24th, 1847 Daniel, S T Discharged Aug 24, 1847 Garrish, Henry Discharged, March 1st, 1848 Bryant Moore, Discharged July 20th, 1847 Nichols, Caleb Discharged, June 28, 1847 J D Gorman. Discharged Oct 12, 1847 Jesse Roberts, Discharged 22d Feb., 1847 June 21, 1847. Thos Stevenson, Discharged Aug. 24, 1847 Barclay, W D July 31st, 1847 Brothers, Armond Chas Manly, jr transferred by promotion to

12th Reg't U S Inf, as Lt N M Peoples, in Q M D. George Richardson, transferred to Va Reg't of landing, inspection, cooperage, &c.; say on lumber Jos B Parsons, left at Carrolton, La. Green, Robert, Absent without leave, left at according to quality. Carrolton, Louisiana

Present. Maguin, John Left in Hospital at Carrolton, Louisiana. Crawford. Jos [left in hospital atCarrollton, La, Davis, Jas P., [claimed by Capt. Prentiss as a deserter from his battery. Present. Baldwin S A Deserted May 10th, 1847 " January, 1847 Deserted, Jan., 1847

CUMBERLAND CO., COMPANY. Died, October 2, 1847. Roll of Capt. Kirkpatrick's Co. I., N. C. Reg. charged, July 31, 1847. Volunteers.

> Present. ham, 1st Lt., Jas K Johnson, 2d Lieut., W H do Harrrison, 2d Lieut

Non-Commissioned Officers. John S. Hamilton, 1st Serg't, Joseph B Askew, M W Jessup, A Marrh, Sam'l W Hun-Discharged, Feb'y, 1848. ter, Corporal, Jas Thames, M Murchison, A Present. W Thompson; Jno R Stubbs, Musician.

PRIVATES-Present. Died, December 23, 1847. Blizzard Ezekiel, John C Boswell, Drury Beale, Richard Butler, William Buie, Owen Buie, Edwin Bouge, Charles Barker, Cornelius Casey, Dickson Clark, Theopilus Deal, John Deveaux, D M Gilmore, W H Gotier, Hixon Hogwood, James P. Hallowell, Duncan John- Fayetteville flour since our last. son, R Jones, W K Lane, D Langston, S Lew-David S Johnston, 1st Lt, Commanding Comp'y is, G W McDonald, C McDaniel, J A McDan-Present liel, G W McGowan, G M McRae, W H Massey, A J Massey, Robt Mitchell Jas W Nickols, John C Price, Wm Perry, Wm J Sikes, Wm B Sikes, L B Smith, John C Smith, J Speight, R Shipman, Robt J T Wilson, W J Wilkerson, William W Willoughby, Lewis F

Resigned - Second Lt. W H Hartman. Discharged .- J W Quay, Serg't, J B Melvin, Corporal, Stephen Parker, Henry Bates, George Harrel, Allen McLeod, R W Smith Jesse Whitley, Wm L Matthews, PJ Meshaw, Robt Ellington, M L McLean, N Skip-

Deserted .- Peter Skipper. Deaths .-- Lt. J B Beatty, J B Rickard, Cor-McLean, Wm Carson, Richard Johnson, W W Whitley, Elias Jones, D J Melvin, James H Josey, Hugh Buie, B P Harrel, John John-

BUNCOMBE CO., COMPANY. Ro'l of K. Comp., commanded by Cap. Samuel P. Tiptun.

OFFICERS. Tipton, Samuel P, Capt present Israel, J M, 1st Lieut Goodson, John, 2d Lieut Tatham. James W do Ogburn, C B, Lieut G com, on duty with K Hyatt, S W, 2d Lieut A com Palmer, William M, Serg't Gudger, Joseph H do Finch. Samuel J. do left sick at Carrollton West, Wm R, Corporal Bryson, G

do died Sept. 14, 1847

Williams, Samuel J Corporal

Rhea, Robert T

do

PRIVATES-PRESENT. A Teague, D M Alexander, Frederick Andrews, John Andrews, S Ashely, James Barnes, W F Bean\*, A Bolch, (absent with capt. Tipton ) B F Brittain, John Can-ler, J H Clark, W C Clark, of Howard Street flour is very small, and the re-Wm Cline, TR Coal, FM Corn, H W Craw- ceipts light; market exceedingly quiet. Small ford, A J Creasmon, W L Davis, Samson Doughty, S A B Dutchet, H M Estus, John Ford, S H Foster, G W Guinn, J L Haynes, J D S Henthis rate. City Mills is in demand at \$5 75, at derson, J D Hyde, A S Hightower, A Holder.H which millers sell as fast as they can grind. R Henry, T P Hull, A G Hunstucker, J H Hunter, H Kirkland, N J King, D B Massey, J M Peak, Stephen Peak, S L Perry, S R Pike, \* John Piles (with Captain Tipton,) P M G Rhea, Edward Robbs, E W Robbs, L S Robeson, A Rogers, C F Rogers, Robt Rogers, Erv Studder, JR Stradby, J J Summey, T C Tatham, T A at 9c, and of this at 8. Tatham, J A Teague, J W Teague, J N West, Atfred Williams, Obadiah Williams, Hiram Wilson, Joseph Wilson, E W Worley, W J Worland bbls .- Daily Sun.

ley, W A Wright, E Frizha, R Fulbright, J A Gauf,\* R. V. Gudger. Deaths .- Thomas Abels, died July 7, 1847; J died 21st Sept, 1847; J H Hightower, died 9th cipally at 3 and \$31. Oct, 1847; E H Hughey, died 30th Aug, 1847; Jesse Miller, died Nov 26th, 1847; D S Shackelford, died 13th Aug, 1847; James Sharp, died

Discharged.—C Barker, 1st December, 1847; W J Davis, 7th December, 1847; Robert Fox, 16th December, 1847; S W D Gudger, 28th August, 1847; William Rogers, 12th Oct., 1847; Samuel Warren, 12th Oct., 1847; M Sheridan. 1st December, 1847; James West, 1st December,

'Transferred to Company A., at Buena Vista, July

WILMINGTON MARKET. WHOLESALE PRICES.

BACON-Per pound. Shoulder Hog round, Western, BEAN - Per bushel-White, BEESWAX-Per pound. BUTTER-Per pound, BEEF-Per barrel. Northern-Mess. COFFEE- Per pound, St. Domingo, Laguyra, COTTON-Per pound, . none CANDLES-Tallow-per pound . Sperm, Adamantine, FEATHERS-Per pound, FLOUR-Canal-Per burrel, Fayetteville,

HA Y-Northern-Per 100 pounds, IRON-Per pound, LARD-Per pound, N. C. Western, LIME-Thomastown-Perbarrel MBER-River-Per M. Flooring Boards, Wide. Scantling, Timber, Mill, Shipping Timber, not MOLASSES-West Indies, noin New Orleans, MACKEREL-Per barrel. NAILS-Per pound,
NAVAL STORES-Per barrel-320 pounds Yellow Dip Turpentine, Virgin Dip new No. 3,
Spirits Turpentine,
OIL—Sperm—Pergallon,
PEAS—Ground—Per bushel,
none a
niark Eye,
48 a PCRK-Perbarrel. 12 00 a 12 50 8 50 a 9 50 Northern Mess, Prime, . 3 25 a 3 50 RICE-Per 100 pounds, Rough-Per bushel, SALT-Per bushel. Turks Island, Liverpool-sack, SOAP-Per pound, SHINGLES-Per M.

· 1 00 a SPIRITS-Per gallon. Northern Rum, Gin,
Whiskey,
Apple Brandy,
STEEL-Per pound,
STAVES-Per M. White Oak barrels-rough, Dressed, Red Oak Hogshead-rough Dressed, SUGAR-Per pound. Porto Rico, Loaf, TALLOW-Per pound, TOBACCO-Leaf-Per cul.,

WINES-Per gallon. Madeira, ways sold in the water, and are subject to the expense 80c to \$1 per M.: tar and Turpentine about 10c. per bbl. For dry virgin or mixed turpentine a deduction is made

VARNISH-Pergallon,

22

PREIGHTS TO NEW YORK-Turpentine and Rosin, per bbl., Spirits Turpentine, per bbl., Rice, per hundred lbs., gross, Cotton, per bale, Cotton goods and yarns, per bale. 83 - a 4 -Tobacco, per Hhd.,
Flax Seed, per cask,
Ground Peas, per bushel,
Lumber, per M.,
TO PHILADELPHIA— CUMBERLAND CO., COMPANY.

Roll of Capt. Kirkpatrick's Co. I., N. C. Reg.

Volunteers.

Officers.

Wm E Kirkpatrick, Capt., Thos W Dunham, 1st Lt., Jas K Johnson, 2d Lieut., W H
Harrrison, 2d Lieut

Turpentine, per bbl.,
Spirits Turpentine, per bbl.,
Cotton goods & yarns, per cubic ft.,
Turpentine. per bbl.,
Spirits Turpentine. 3 50 4 -6 WILMINGTON MARKET-July 27.

Bacon — The stock of Bacon has become very light—prices maintain much firmness. Corn.-Stock of Corn materially reduced one cargo only (1000 bushels) having been received from North Counties for two or three weeks, which was of an inferior quality, and which changed hands at 45c. Flour. - The flour market continues to be

quite inactive, on account of the light stock on hand. We have heard of no arrivals of to a considerable extent; quotations, however, remain without change.

Lime.—There appears to be a fair supply of this article on sale. A cargo of - bbls sold a ble in outward appearance the original medicine. Lumber & Timber.-Nothing doing in Riv- gents only. er Lumber worthy of notice. Timber-Millcontinues to arrive about as fast as it is taken by millers, and prices vary from \$3 to \$5, according to quality. See table.

Naval Stores—Since our last report, Tur-

for current rates, yellow dip, \$2 30 a \$2 35 York, and 198 Tremont st., Boston. virgin, \$2 35, hard, \$1 25. Arrivals extremely slow; most of the sales have been made to shippers. Spirits Turpentine maintains much firmness at 27½ cents; some sales have been H. Jones, Mr. James M. Baber, to Miss Mary Jane poral, J B Marshall, Dorsey Jones, Musician, effected at terms not transpired, but believed Baber. William M Boon, Walter Jenkins, James A to be above quotations. Tar arrives slowly, and last sales \$1 40-we quote \$1 35 a \$1 40. Rosin, com.—There has been some transactions in this article, but at what price we have not been able to ascertain; we, however, are inclined to believe that it was at an advance on quotations.

Freights-Are rather better than this day week. See table.

FATETTEVILLE, July 25 .- Sales of 100, to 150 bales of Cotton, the past week at 5 to 63. Flour is coming to market more freely, sales at 5 to 53. Corn in demand at 50 to 55. Bacon dull at 7 to present 71.—Observer.

NEWBERN, July 25 .- TURPENTINE .- Receipts of this article have again fallen off. The price has advanced to \$1 90 a \$1 95. TAR.-We know of no sale to report since our last; but we think an advance might be obtained on former prices. We quote at 1 35 a \$1 40. Conn .-Last sales at \$2 in small lots. BACON.-Hog President of the United States of America, do Round 7 a 71c. Hams 81 a 9. LARD .- 91 a 10c.—Newbernian.

BALTIMORE, July 25 .- FLOUR .- The supply sales to-day, on private terms. The asking price for new is \$5 75, but there have been no sales at

GRAIN.-The grain market is very much deter,\* H. Kirkland,\* N. J. King, D. D. Massey, J. M. Massey, Richard Massey, J. H. Miller, S. Mills,\* John Morris, R. A. Moss, W. Nichols,\* Edward Owen, A. L. Pain, A. J. Palmer, W. R. Patton, Jno. We quote white at 42 a 44c; yellow 47 a 49 pressed Red wheat-sales of damp have been no sales. Oats 23 a 28. Rye 65c.

Provisions are firm, and in good request, with considerable sales. We quote Mess Pork at \$11, and Prime at \$9. Bacon-Sides and Shoulders C H Shaw, AW Smith, F Sparks, B H Stalcup, 45 a 5c, and Hams 7 a 94. Lard-Sales of kegs

WHISKEY .- We note a still better demand. with sales at 24 a 25c ger gallon, in hogsheads CHARLESTON, July 26 .- Cotton .- We quote

B Boyd, died 30th June, 1847; A H Bradley, been at extremes ranging from 27 to 37. Prin- thirty-nine, of range nineteen. FOREIGN MARKETS.—PERHIBERNIA.

LIVERPOOL, 7th July, 1818.—There is less elford, died 13th Aug, 1847; James Shaip, died Oct 30, 6th Dec, 1847; Nathaniel Tatham, died Oct 30, 1847; David Waggoner, died Aug 11th, 1847; tional Revenue show somewhat better than had tional Revenue show somewhat better than had een apprehended, which, together with the establishment of a stronger Government in France as is hoped, and with pacific dispositions, have caused a material advance in the funds, and produced more general confidence. The cotton market has assumed more firmness

and has advanced ad per lb. from the extreme South of the base line, and east of the princiland and Mobile is 41, and for fair Orleans 71d, middling 31 a 37, and ordinary 3 a 35 per lb -The sales for the week ended this evening amount to 39,200 bales, of which 7,100 are for export and 3300 on speculation; and the American descrip tions consist of 8540 Upland at 31 a 5; 18,620 Orleans at 3 a 57; 6210 Alabama and Mobile at 3 a 5d, and 310 Sea Island at 7 a 13J per lb .-Good and fine qualities from their relative scarcity have advanced more than the lower qualities. The stock in this port is about 628,000 bales, of

which 475,000 is American. The import of Turpentine is on a limited scale, and the demand quite moderate. The only transaction this week is 500 bbls at 6s 9d, and of common American Rosin 1500 bbls have been sold at 2a 3d per cwt.

LONDON, July 7 .- Spirits Turpentine being in trifling demand, distillers are firm and obtain 33s for British drawn in puncheons, the holders of foreign are still out of the market and nominal quotation is 34s, 60 casks have arrived; no sales of rough. LIVERPOOL, July 7.—Naval Stores.—No sales

eported in Turpentine or Tar; 1700 bbls American Rosin have changed hands at 2s 3d per cwt.

SHERIFFALTY.

We are authorized to announce OWEN FEN- inclusive.) of range thirty-four. NELL. Esq., as a candidate for re election to the Sheriffalty of New-Hanover County. June 16, 1848--[40-tf

To the voters of New-Hanover County. Fellow Citizens-Having received many strong thirty-five. olicitations from my friends, to become a candidate for the office of Sheriff of New-Hanover county. I have consented to present my name to your consideration as a candidate for that office. Should I be elected. I will evince my gratitude to my for the disposal of the public lands situated within friends and Fellow Citizens, for the support by en- the undermentioned townships and parts of towndeavoring to fulfill the duties of the office strictly ships, to wit : and conscientiously, according to the best of my | South of the base line, and east of the princiabilities. Should the choice of the people however be otherwise, I shall bow in submission to their will; for it is the priviledge of every freeman two, the east half of township three and township to vote for, and support for office, whomsoever he four, (except the eastern tier of Sections,) of range DAVID WILLIAMS. July 14, 1848-[44-te

MARINE BUSE.

ARRIVED July 20th—Schr. Brilliant, Simmons, Onslow county, to DeRossett, Brown & Co.
21—Schr. Col. McRae, Davis, Charleston, to DeRos. Schr. Martha B., Davis, Shallotte, to DeRosset, Brown Schr. Smithville, Moore, Shallottee, to R. G. Rankin Schr. D. P. Woodbury, Potter, Shallotte, to master. Schr. Royal Purple, Price, Shallotte, to muster 22—Schr. Lamartine, Turner, New York, to G. W.

Davis. 23d—Brig Eliza Jane, Townsend, New York, to E. J. 24—Schr. Marion, Johnson, Little River, to G W. July 15-Barque Burtel, McIntyre, from New York, Steamer Henrietta, Evans, from Fayetteville, to John Steamer Wm. B. Meares, Rothwell, frm Payetteville, to J. C. Latta.

July 26—Steamer Gov. Graham, Peck, from Fayetteville, to John Banks.

July 21-Brig Altevella, Winn, Hingham, Mass., by

Potter 4 Kidder.

Brig Chattahooche, Williams, N York, by B.Flanner.
24-Brig Triumph, Burt, Boston, by Barry, Bryant 7is. 25-Brig Helvellyn, Gilpatrick, Kennebunk, Me., by naster.
Schr. Henrietta, Crowell, New York, by Barry, Bryton, this third day of July, Anno Domini one ant & Co.
Schr Constitution, Corson, Philadelphia, by Harriss Russell. 26—Brig David Duffell, Cellett, New York, by G. W Schr. Olive, Philips, for N. York, by E. J. Lutterloh RICHARD M. YOUNG, Schr. Patmos, Childers, for Richmond, by E. J. Lut-

Bank Rates of Exchange, Wilmington. Bank cheeks on Philadelphia, premium 1 per cen'.

New York,

Boston,

SUMMER WHATHER.—It should be remembered that during the interes heat of summer the ed that during the intense heat of summer, the process of digestion is performed with such extreme languor, that the food, instead of being dissolved and converted into nutriment, becomes spoiled, or 1 strifted in the mach. Hence bad breath, disagreeable taste in the mouth, colic pains, dysentery, cholers morbus and other disorders of

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills are a certain cure for the above dangerous complaints; because they cleanes the alimentary canal of those bilious and putrid humors, which are the cause, not on-Lard -The stock of Lard has been reduced ly of all disorders of the bowels, but of every malady incident to man.

Beware of Counterfeits of all kinds! Some are coated with sugar; others are made to resemfew days since, in bad order, at 50c per cask. The safest course is, to purchase of the regular a-

For sale in Wilmington, N. C., by George R. French, Agent, who will supply country dealers and planters at the Philadelphia prices. Offices devoted exclusively to the sale of Wright's for raising of Stock. Persons wishing to purchase Indian Vegetable Pills, wholesale and retail. 169 will do well to call on the subscriber at his resipentine has advanced still higher. We quote Raco st. Philadelphia; 289 Greenwich st., New dence.

MARRIED,

In this town, on the 19th inst., by the Rev. R. In this town on the 17th inst., Mr. John Costin, to Miss Mary Jane Gordon. In Onslow county, on Sunday, the 16th inst.,

Miss Marenda Gurganious.

In this town, on the night of the 17th inst., Mr Jesse Justice. He was found dead in his bed in At Federal Point, in this county, on the 15th instant, Mrs. Effie Grissam, in the 72d year of her

In Edgecombe county, on the 11th inst., Mr.

Wm. Allen Pope. PUBLIC LAND SALES. By the President of the United States.

IN pursuance of law, I, JAMES K. POLK, hereby declare and make known, that public sales will be held at the undermentioned Land Offices in the State of Florida, at the periods hereinaster designated, to wit:

At the land office at Newnansville, commencing on Monday the ninth day of October next, for the disposal of the public lands situated within the undermentioned townships and parts of town-South of the base line, and east of the princi-

The fraction of township seven, situated east of the Suwannee river, (except Sections one, eleven and twelve,) and the fraction of township ten, east of said river, (except Sections six, seven. eighteen, nineteen, twenty and thirty-one,) of

range fourteen. Fractional township thirty-six, of range seven-Townships twenty-three and twenty-four, and

fractional townships thirty-one, thirty-six, thirtyseven, thirty-eight and thirty-nine, of range eigh-Townships twenty-three and twenty-four, fractional township thirty-one, townships thirty-six,

at from 5 to 6 c. Rice .- The transactions have thirty-seven, thirty-right, and fractional township Townships twenty-three, (except the western tier of Sections.) thirty-one, thirty-two, thirty-six,

> Townships thirty, thirty-one and thirty-two, of range twenty-one. Townships thirty, thirty-one, thirty-two, thirty- metics, just received and for sale by

three and thirty-four, of range twenty-two. At the land office at St. Augustine, commencing on Monday, the sixteenth day of October next, for the disposal of the public lands within the undermentioned township and parts of town-

pal meridian.

Townships eighteen, nincteen and twenty, and fractional township twenty-one, of range twenty-

Fractional township nineteen and township twenty, of range twenty-nine. Township twenty-four, and fractional township twenty-five, of range thirty.

Townships twenty-two and twenty four, and fractional township twenty-five, (except Sections range thirty-one. Townships twenty-one, twenty-two, twentythree and twenty-four, and fractional township

twenty-five, of range thirty-two. Township nineteen, Sections one, two, three, Sections ten to fifteen inclusive, Sections twentyone to twenty-seven inclusive, and Sections thirtyone, thirty-four, thirty-five and thirty-six in freetional township twenty; township twenty-one, Just received from Fayetteville, a lot of 20 bbls. township twenty-two (except Sections one, twelve, sup., fine and cross flour. thirteen, twenty-four and twenty-five,) and townships twenty-five and twenty-six, of range thirty-

three. Sections three, four, five, Sections nine to fifteen inclusive. Sections twenty-two to twentyseven inclusive, and Sections thirty-four, thirtyfive and thirty-six in township twenty-two, and township twenty-three (except Sections one to six

Sections one to four inclusive. Sections nine to fifseven inclusive, in township twenty-six, of range

Fractional townships nineteen and twenty, of range thirty-six. At the land office at Tallahassee, commencing on Monday the twenty-third day of October next,

pal meridian. The two eastern tiers of Sections in township

Township two, (except Sections one to twelve inclusive, and Sections seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, thirty and thirty-one.) Sections six and seven, in township three, and fractional township five, (except Sections three, four, five and six,) of range four. Townships three and four, and fractional town

ship five, of range five. Township five, of range six. Township nine, of range twelve.

Sections one, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, Sections twenty-three to twenty-seven inclusive, requested to come forward, prove property, pay and Sections thirty-four, thirty-five and thirty-six, charges and take him away, or he will be dealt in township seven, and townships eight and nine, with as the law directs. of range thirteen. The fraction of township seven, situated west of the Suwannee river, of range fourteen.

Lands appropriated by law for the use of schools the sales.

be commenced on the days appointed, and proceed four likely negroes, consisting of men. womenin the order in which they are advertised, with boys and girls. Term of sale six months, credit sale by all convenient dispatch, until the whole shall have Notes and approved security will be required of been offered, and the sales thus closed. But no the Purchasers before the title of said property is sale shall be kept open longer than two weeks, changed. and no private entry of any of the lands will be Schr. Monsoon, Silliman, Philadelphia, by G W Da- admitted until after the expiration of the two weeks. Given under my hand at the City of Washing-

> thousand eight hundred and forty-eight. By the President: JAMES K. POLK.

Commissioner of the General Land Office.

terioh & Co.

Schr. Commodore, Cooley, for N. Y., by G. W. Davis.

27—Brig Nonpariel, Brewer, for New Belford, by DeRossett, Brown & Co.

Schr. Mariou, Johnson, for Little River, by G. W. Davis.

Schr. Aihalla, Stutes, for New York, by DeRosset. Schr. Athalla, Stutes, for New York, by DeRosset, Schr. Athalla, Stutes, for New York, by DeRoss claim will be forfeited.

RICHARD M. YOUNG, Commissioner of the General Land Office. July 21, 1848-[45-10t

lists of Taxes.

D. DICESON, J. P.

July 28, 1848.—[46-1] WILMINGTON & MANCHESTER RAIL ROAD CO. rectors of this Company in the town of Wilmington, on Wednesday, 2d day of August, prox per pound.

ing officers, viz: a Chief Engineer, Secretary and Treasurer, and General Agent. Application will be made in writing to W. W. Harles, Pres't W. & M. R. R. Co., care of Henry Nutt, Wilmington, N. C.

July 28, 1848-[46-tm REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

MHE subscriber, being desirous of removing to the West, offers for sale his lands lying on Long Creek, consisting of about 860 acres, most of which is well Timbered and has excellent range WM. WALKER. July 28, 1848-[46-51\*

TUITION.

MHE subscriber takes this method of informing of said County, were duly granted by said Court his friends in Duplin, and the adjoining counties, that the second session at the Grove Acade- ined as Administrator of the said deceased, in due my, in this vicinity, will commence on Monday form of law. the 14th August next. Grateful for past favors, he hopes, by unreshit-

by John P. Pollock, Esq., Mr. James Allen, to ted zeal in the discharge of his duties, to merit a payment; and those having claims, accounts and continuance of their support.

JAMES M. SPRUNT. Kenansville, July 28, 1848 -[46-010

their future progress depends very meterially on such cases made and provided the thoroughness of the preparatory course. Chronicle copy 3 times.

To Planters!

HE subscribers have received a large stock part of Linen Burlaps and heavy Russia Ozna- tinue the business at the Store formerly occupied burgs; striped and plain Cotton Oznaburgs; blue by him, and in addition to their present stock will Denims and Drills; Columbian, Marlborough and receive in a few days a fresh supply of every arti-Monterey stripes. Also, heavy English, French. and American Cottonades, which will be sold at a very small advance on New York cost. HOLMES & HAWES. M31]

MESS PORK, MESS PORK. 10 bbls in store, and for sale at lowest market WM. A. GWYER.

MACKEREL. Ten bbls No 3 mackerel, in store, and for sale by

WM. A. GWYER. WESTERN SIDES. Ten hhds., in stcre, of choice quality, for sale low

by WM. A. GWYER. Lime! Lime! Lime! 1000 BBLS. landing; also, Hydraulic Cement; Calcined Plaster; Plaster-

ing Hair, Fire Brick, &c. J. C. & R. B. WOOD, Builders and Contractors. July 21, 1848-[45-

WHITE LEAD. A large and fresh supply of White Lead Pure Extra and No. 1, just received and for sale by LIPPITT & WILLKINGS, Druggists & Chemists.

EXTRACT OF ROSE. Meakin's Pure concentrated Extract of Rose, for thirty-seven, thirty-eight and thirty-nice, of range flavoring Ices, Jellies, Custards, Sauces, Pastry, Syrups, &c. &c Also; Preston's Extract of Lemon, Jamaica Ginger, (Pure and White,) Nut-LIPPITT & WILLKINGS.

Druggist & Chemists.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber has this day entered into a Co- [ALT-4000 bushels landing and for sale by partnership with A. D. Young, and will continue the business at the old stand under the firm of ANDERSON & YOUNG. A large stock of Dry Goods, Hardware, Iron, Groceries, &c., will be always kept on hand, and will be sold at low by any of the Packets consigned to my adprices and on accommodating terms. All customand settle by note or otherwise.

JAMES ANDERSON. July 13, 1848--[45-tf

NOTICE.

twelve, thirteen, twenty-four and twenty-five,) of The Lands advertised for sale, known as the Nat Moore lands, will be sold to the highest bidder on Tuesday the 8th August, at the Court House in Elizabeth town, Bladen county. Persons desirous of purchasing will find it to their interest to E. J. BERNAKD. July 21, 1848.

> FLOUR, MOLASSES, &c. ON HAND.

Molasses, Butter, Coffee, Nails, Rice, Lard, Candles, &c. &c. E. J. BERNARD.

CO-PARTNERSHIP. they are prepared to execute with dispatch all orders they may receive in the above branches of bu-JAMES CASSIDEY. THEO. SCHRADER.

July 21 - [45-tf SULPHATE OF QUININE. Just received, a large and fresh supply of Farr's Sulphate Quinine, for sale by

WM. SUTTON.

LIPPITT & WILLKINGS. Druggists & Chemists. SEIDLITZ POWDERS.

A large supply of Seidlitz Powders, freshly prepared, and for sale by 121 LIPPITT & WILLKINGS, Druggists and Chemists.

TAKEN UP AND COMMITTED TO the Jail of Sampson county, on the 7th inst., a mulatto boy, who calls himself James Moore, 20 boxes Raisins; 20 half boxes, 20 qrs. boxes; and says he was bound to Jon W. Wells of Brun- 2 cases Canton Ginger, 2 boxes Lemon Syrup; swick county. James Moore is about 5 feet 3 or best quality, 4 baskets Olive Oil, London Porter 4 inches high, spare built, and supposed to be sev- in Pints, I box Citron. For sale by enteen or eighteen years of age. The owner is

A. B. CHESNUTT, Sheriff. July 14, 1848—[44-tf

NOTICE. military or other purposes, will be excluded from MHE subscribers will sell at the late residence of John W. Taylor, deceased, in Green county, The offering of the above mentioned lands will N. C., on the 10th day of August next, Twenty, Wm. H. B. TAYLOR, Adm'rs.

> NOTICE. THE copartnership which existed at George

July 14, 1848-[44-4t

town, S. C., between the subscriber and F. May ers, under the name of F. Mayers, was dissolved on the 10th day of April last. JNO. C. MOORE. July 1, (14,) 1848-[44-3t

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

ment of their respective debts without delay.

JAMES P. MOORE, Ex'16.

JOEL L. MOORE,

June 16, 1848--[40-tf

Cheap Beef, for Cash MONDAY sext is the last day for receiving the subscribers respectfully inform the citic ists of Taxes.

D. DICRSON, J. P.

July 28, 1848.—[46-1] II. in the MARKET HOUSE, a supply of the best of BEEF, MUTTON, LAMB and VEAL: MHERE will be a meeting of the Board of Di. Their prices for Prime Beef, are from 64 to 84

ornts per lb.; and all other meats from 8 to 10 cts. THOS. O'CONNOR, Cattle and Sheep to dispose of, they will find it to their advantage in first making application to them, as they have made it a rule to pay the highest corresponding prices with those of Charleston, and paying them Cash on the delivery. So there is no longer the necessity of the Farmer driving his Cattle hundreds of miles to another market to

obtain a sale in which he can realize the Cash.

June 23d. 1848.-[41-if.

TO the Debtors and Creditors of Owen HANS: Hanover. At the June Term, A. U. 1848, of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions of the County of New-Hanover, letters of Administration upon the Estate of OWEN HANSLEY, deceased, late to the subscriber, who, at the same time was qual-

A 1 persons indebted to the Estate of the said deceased are hereby notified to make immediate demands against the Estate of the said deceased, are requested to present them for payment to the subscriber within the time prescribed by law, or N. B. Especial care is bestowed on pupils they will be barred of recovery by virtue of the preparing for College; for it is well known that Act of the General Assembly of this State, in T. J. ARMSTRONG, Admir.

THE subscribers having purchased the entire of heavy Plantation Cloths, consisting in stock of Grocertes, &c , of Mr. Boland, will concle usually kept in their line, and solicit a continuance of the patronage of his former customers.

> ted attention, and using their best endeavors to please, to give satisfaction to all who may favor them with a call. Thhy will also attend to the sale of all kinds of Produce.

> DR. CRAIN'S SPINO ABDOMINAL SUP-PORTER—a decided improvement. For sale WM. SHAW.

WINE AND BRANDIES: Quarter casks Old London Market Madeira; Do and half do particular do; Do casks Sicily Brandy, Jamaica Rum, Holland Gin, and Old

ret, Old Port, &c. For sale by HOWARD & PEDEN. JUST RECEIVED; Per brig Althevalla, from Boston, of J. Uriderinood's Make, fresh, 2 doz half-gallon gherkin pickles; 1 doz do do pepper do; 2 dooz do mixed do; 1 doz do assoried; I doz brandy guages; I doz tomatto capsup; 1 doz welnut do ; 2 doz Preston's

Whiskey, Champagne Wine, cuppernong, Cla

HOWARD & PEDEN, GROCERIES. Just received and for sale, 25 Bbls handsome megs, Cinnamon, Tonka Beans, and other cos- Brown Sugar; 3 Hhds Clarified do.; 5 Boxes Lonf do ; 25 Bags Coffee ; 25 Bbls superior Rectified Whiskey; 5 Bbls old Monongahela do.; 20

ext of lemmon; 1 doz fresh lobsters; 50 half

boxes sardines; 5 kegs pickles. For sale by

HOLMES & HAWES. [m26]

dress, are hereby notified that they must attend to ers having open accounts with me, will please call receiving them on their arrival, and during the time the vessels are discharging, as I will not be responsible for any goods after being landed. GEORGE W. DAVIS. October 16, 1846

Taken up and Committed

TO the Jail in Jacksonville, Onslow county, on the 28th of June, A. D. 1818, one negro slave by the name of CATER; -- his age, from his looks, appears to be about 18 years. He says he belongs to one Nancy Mournin, of Pitt county, and was hired by Dr. Whiggins, of Kinston, Lenoir county. The owner of said negro is requested to come forward, prove property, and pay Jail fees, or otherwise he will be dealt with as the law directs. W. D. HUMPHREY, Sheriff.

THE subscriber having qualified as Administrator of the goods and chattels, rights and credits of James M. Thompson, deceased, at the June Term, MHE Undersigned, on the 15th day of June 1848, of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions 1848, entered into a Copartnership under the for New Hanover County, hereby notifies all perinclusive.) of range thirty-four.

Fractional township twenty-two, the four eastern tiers of Sections in township twenty-five, and Sections one to four inclusive. Sections nine to fif-teen inclusive, and Sections twenty-two to twenty-WILMINGTON IRON FOUNDRY, where pleaded in bar of their recovery.

> In store, 25 hhds Molasses; 15 tierces do.; 10 bbls prime retailing do. For sale low by G. W. DAVIS. JUST RECEIVED.

JUST RECEIVED Per schooner Ionas Smith. 10 harrels mess Pork—City inspection; 5 bags Laguyra coffee; 5 do. Rio do.

HOWARD & PEDEN. j13

HOWARD & PEDEN. WHISKEY.

j14] HOWARD & PEDEN. FRESH SALMON. 6 dozen hermetrically sealed Salmon. For ale by HOWARD & PEDEN.

SUGAR AND PEA:

I had hest quality St Croix Sugar; chests and half chests gun powder Tea. For sale by HOWARD & PEDEN.

JUST RECEIVED, Per brig W. L. Jones,

10 bbls and 10 half-bbls Canal Flour; 3 bbls Fulton market beef; 5 do. mess pork; 500 lbs smoked beef, 2 doz smoked tongues; 3 bbls crashed sugar; super pickled salmon; to boxes sods biscuit; 2 bbls Scotch snuff 8 doz bottles Mrs. Mil-ler's and Lorrillard's Scotch snuff; tallow, sperm

sash tools from 000 to No. I, blacklead, lamp black, &c. &c. LIPPIPT & WILLKINGS,

June 23d, 1648.-[41-3t

They will pay particular attention to the selection of FAMILY GROCERIS, and hope, by unremit-

CARROLL & FENNELL. Wilmington, N C., June 2, 1848.

Bbls, and 5 Hhds Molasses.

Dec. 21-15-1f] R. H. STANTON & Co.

June 30, 1848-- 42-tf

NOTICE.

THOS. C. CRAFT, Adm'r. June 16, 1848--[40-6m MOLASSES! MOLASSES!!

25 bartels Rectified Whiskey. For sale by HOWARD & PEDEN.

On hand: Goshen butter, nails, candles; molasses, sugar, &c. For sale by E. J. BÉRNARD. IN STORE.

BENT'S BCSTON CRACKERS. 12 cans water and butter. For sale by

25 bbls Monongahela Whiskey. For sale 'ow by

Druggists & Chemists.

ington correspondent of the 19th instant:

**	7 4th 1st 2d 3d 4th 1st	qr.,	1843,		3.927,137 2,940,504 4,106,039 6,132,272 3,881,993	
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"	3d 4th 1st	• •	"		6,132.272 3,881,993	
44	4th	• 1	**		3,881,993	
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		"	1014			
			1844.		7.675,366	
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	3d		**		10,873.713	
44			"		4.067,445	
		44	1845.		6,355,558	
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6.6		41	4.4			
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"	4th	,,	,,	Oct. & Nov.		
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	" " " "	" 1st " 2d " 3d " 4th " 1st " 2d " 3d " 4th " 2d " 3d " 4th " 3d " 4th	" 1st " 2d " 3d " 4th " 1st " 2d " 4th " 2d " 3d " 2d " 2	" 1st " 1845, " 2d " " " 3d " " " 4th " " " 1st " 1846, " 2d " " " 3d " " " 4th " " " 3f of 1842 brought	" 1st " 1845, " 2d " " " 3d " " " 4th " " " 1st " 1846, " 2d " " " 4th " " " Oct. & Nov.	" 1st " 1845, 6.3-5,558 " 2d " " 6.201,390 " 3d " " 8,561,932 " 4th " 4,192,730 " 1st " 1846, 7.357,192 " 2d " " 6,300,752 " 3d " " 6,153,826

The tariff of 1846 commenced 1st Dec., 1846. Rec'ts d'g 4th qr., 1846, Ded't Oct. & Nov. 1846, Receipts 1st qr., 1847,

The tariff of 1846 brought into the Ter its operation thus far, per month, Subtract monthly receipts, under the tariff of 1842,

upon the people of Baltimore and Philadelphia the policy of forthwith establishing a rival line between Baltimore and Charleston. The Baltimore Sun goes so warmly into the matter as to say that it will go five thousand dollars, nay, ten if necessary, towards the accomplishment of this great object. Now, we would suggest to the Baltimore Sun that there is a much more feasible and effectual mode of accomplishing the object it seems to have so wanting, is that which will connect this point, 4th of March next. Wilmington, with the South Carolina Road; by this means doing away with our sea trip ton Union's Baltimore correspondence: between here and Charleston, shortening the time, and in every way making the inland dependent Taylor men of Baltimore have receivthe most expeditious. The completion of this Gen. Taylor in regard to the statement made by one link, we feel convinced, would use up, in it from the public eye, but it is said to fully sancone season, the steamboat travelling. Of this tion the Louisiana delegation in the statement we feel certain. If Baltimore and other cities they made to the Philadelphia National Conven- Savannah river amendment, in the course of we feel certain. If Baltimore and other cities they made to the Funaderpina valuation, which of course is fully equivalent to an abandonment of his independent position, and a bandonment of his independent position, and a bandonment of his independent position, and a bandonment of his independent position. and Manchester Rail Road Company a little full acceptance of the nomination as a Whig.aid, this link could be supplied. What does What course the independents will take is not our friend of the Baltimore Sun think of this known. amendment to his idea?

63-The Whig papers are endeavoring to make some capital out of the large amount of money which he, Gen. Cass, has received from the Treasury of the U. States for his public services during the last forty years. In the first place, this is but a little, mean trick, in partizan warfare, which will receive its due weight at the hands of the intelligent people of the United States. In the second place, we here at once, and boldly, assert, and at the same time defy contradiction of the assertion, that Gen. Cass has never received one cent to which he was not entitled by law. If, then, he received too much, which we by no means admit, the fault lies at the door of the lawmakers, and not with Gen. Cass. But a resolution has been adopted in the House of Representatives, calling upon the President to state "what amount of public money has been respectively paid to Lewis Cass and Zachary Taylor, from the time of their first entrance into the public service to this timedistinguishing between regular and extra compensation; that he also state what amount of extra compensation has been claimed by either; the items comprising the same; when filed, and when and by whom, and the reasons for such disallowance; and whether or not any items so disallowed were subsequently presented for payment; and, if allowed, when and by whom."

Now, when this authorized statement appears, we are prepared to meet and abide by its facts. We, for one, believe that neither Gen. Cass nor Gen. Taylor have received, either directly or indirectly, from the public crib, any more than their just and proper dues -The Whigs, however, have commenced the game, and it must now be played out. We feel assured that the record will shew that Gen Taylor, in proportion to the services rendered, has received fully as much pay, both regular and exua, as Gen. Cass.

recollect that some days since, a Select Committee of eight was raised in the Senate by ballot, to whom was referred the Oregon Territorial Bill, and all the various amedments proposed. It was well known that the great tee as his own, and not the sentiments of the noming Counties. Mr. R will take pleasure in reng new subscribers and receitting for any moneys object for which this committee was raised, committee. He said the bill itself speaks the us in that section.

Mr. Josiah Johnson, Post-master at Clinton, is was, if possible, to devise some plan of compromise on the subject of Slavery in the new territories. The committee went hard to work of the committee, and that it presents the only in the very best spirit, and as the result of mode in which the slavery question can at Halso receive new subscribers to the Journal, and their labors, they presented to the Senate, present be settled. through their Chairman, Mr. Clayton, of Del-Facts.—It is said that facts are stubborn aware, a long Bill, containing thirty-six sec- ordinance, captured by Col. Doniphan's regithings, and hard to get over. This being ad- tions, for the organization of governments in ment, in New Mexico, was taken up, and, on mitted, we take the liberty to present to the the territories of Oregon, California and New motion of Mr. Atchison, after some remarks ures and facts in favor of the Tariff of 1846— question is concerned, proposes, in the first high compliment to the regiment and its gallentiely restored by this pleasant remedy. This sarsars high compliment to the regiment and its gallentiely restored by this pleasant remedy. This sarsars have been proposed by the Orest local complex times and parilla is far superior to any Invigorating Corthat Tariff Bill so denounced by our opponents. place, to leave it with the people of the Ore- lant commander, was read three times and We do not know of our own knowledge, gon territory to say whether they will have passed. whether Gen'l Taylor would go for the aboli- Slavery or not; and with regard to California sion to inquire in reference to the "sword" to tion of the Revenue Tariff law of '46, and the and New Mexico, it provides that the tempo- Col. Doniphan, in reference to which a reso substitution in its stead of the Protective Tar- rary territorial legislature shall have no right lution had been introduced sometime since. iff Bill of '42; but we do know that Mr. McRee, to make any law prohibiting the introduction in his speech at Smithville, on Saturday last, as of Slavery; but that in case Southern citizens in his hands, and would be forthcoming in an advocate of Gen'l Taylor's pretentions, told should carry Slavery into these last named good time. the good people of Brunswick, that the Whig territories, and this is objected to by the peo- mendments of the House, for a renewal of party, if they should come into power, would so ple of the said territory, then the question is certain Naval Pensions for five years, was remodify the Democratic Tariff Bill of '46, as to to be decided under the Constitution by the ferred to the Naval committee. [The amendmake it better suit the wants of Government Supreme Court of the United States. This is than the Revenue Bill of '46. Now Mr. Mc- the plan proposed by the Select Committee. vears 1 Ree did not vouchsafe to inform the then and Mr. Clayton, in reporting the bill to the Sen there audience how, and in what manner, the ate, remarked that it had the support of the propriation bill was taken up, and Mr. Niles contemplated modification would benefit the whole Committee. We notice, too, that Mr. people or the government. We ask them (the Calhoun, on the 19th, remarked, in reference contracts for carrying the mail from Panama people) to look at the table below, and ask to this bill, that it was the only feasable mode to Astoria, &c &c. The bill was then again themselves, we care not whether they be whigs of settling this delicate question. From these passed over informally. or democrats, if they want the present Tariff and other indications, we are lead to the con ted a bill, granting the right of way, and the Bill changed. We particularly ask of our clusion that this plan of compromise will be timber of the public lands over which it is to Democratic friends to examine the statement adopted by the Senate by a large majority — be constructed, to aid the Girard rail road, in well, and preserve it for reference. We clip How it will fare in the House, remains to be that State. Read three times and passed. it from the Baltimore Sun's (neutral) Wash- seen. We further notice from Mr. Clayton's remarks, that the words of the "Missouri tary of the Navy to advertise for proposals Comparative View of the receipts into the U. S. Treasury, under the Tariffs of 1842 and 1846.

The tariff of 1842 commenced 30th August, 1842.

Rec's dur'g 3d qr., 1842, \$6,281,659 18
Ded't July & Aug. '2, '3, 4,187,772 79

The tariff of the Tariffs of 1842 and 1846.

The tariff of 1842 commenced 30th August, 1842.

Rec's dur'g 3d qr., 1842, \$6,281,659 18
Ded't July & Aug. '2, '3, 4,187,772 79

The tariff of the Tariffs of the Navy to advertise for proposals for the Committee, but could not be adopted—the Committee standing four for, and four against this mode of the Navy to advertise for proposals for the Committee, but could not be adopted—the Committee standing four for, and four against this mode of the Navy to advertise for proposals for the Navy to advertise for proposals for the Navy to advertise for proposals for the Committee, but could not be adopted—the Committee standing four for, and four against this mode of the Navy to advertise for proposals for the Navy to advertise for prop settlement. This important matter is now un- table, by a large vote. der discussion in the Senate, and should we learn the final action of that body ere we go vote yesterday on the item of the General Appress, we will give it to our readers.

HON EDMUND BURKE AND THE PATENT Office. - A person by the name of T. G. Clinton, has preferred against the distinguished the negative, and the amendment was declarhead of the National Patent Office, a series of ed to be rejected. charges, which, if true, would cover Mr. Burke with the deepest infamy. He charges the Commissioner with embezzling the public tablishment of certain post routes, with a pro-If funds and acting fraudulently in a variety of viso that nothing therein contained shall be ways. The President ordered an investiga- construed as an expression of an opinion as tion, and a Commission was appointed for to the true boundary of any State or territory -\$1.213 730 74 this purpose, but the accuser would not bring in the United States Passed
6,319,041 48 forward his proofs. Clinton, however, pre- priations for the support of the army for the ferred his charges before the Grand Jury of year ending 30th June, 1849, which was read 9,382,092 92 Washington County. That body investigated and committed to the committee of the whole \$2.564,692 48 the matter for upwards of a fortnight without House adjourned. 2.001.441 32 finding anything to warrant a true bill. Clin-\$563,251 16 ton now calls upon the House of Representa- In the Senate, House bill to establish cerexcess of monthly receipts in favor of revenue tariff of tives to investigate the matter, and Mr. Burke Senator Evans, the oracle of the advocates begs that the House will make the most search- ken up, when Mr. Niles concluded his speech use it most succ of protection, and the financier general of the opponents of the bill in the Senate, in a speech government will, offer the House every facilipronounced by Daniel Webster and others to be unanswerable, made the prophecy, that the receipts under the tariff of 1846, would not a specific prophecy that the base acted in any receipts under the tariff of 1846, would not a specific prophecy that the base acted in any receipts under the tariff of 1846, would not a specific prophecy that the base acted in any receipts under the tariff of 1846, would not a specific prophecy that the base acted in any receipts under the tariff of 1846, would not a specific prophecy that the base acted in any receipts under the tariff of 1846, would not a specific prophecy that the base acted in any receipts under the tariff of 1846, would not a specific prophecy that the base acted in any receipts under the tariff of 1846, would not a specific prophecy that the prophecy that the base acted in any receipts under the tariff of 1846, would not a specific prophecy that the prophecy that the prophecy that the prophecy that the base acted in any receipts under the tariff of 1846, would not a specific prophecy that the prophecy tha reach \$18,000,000. Mr. Walker estimated for the fiscal year, \$31,000,000. Even his courts investigation. We shall soon learn the sanguine anticipations will be more than real- result, which we feel certain will be the entire 25 yeas, and 24 nays.

from Charleston, with 100 passengers, urges title of the second Washington of the country. tice that he should call up the bill at twelve Surely the Taylor men cannot be in earnest in o'clock to-morrow, and continue to press it this. Surely they would not do such wrong until disposed of. to the memory of "the father of his country," as to even attempt a comparison between Gen. first business in order to be a motion made Taylor and him. We abjure them, above all vesterday by Mr. Stuart, of Michigan, to rethings, not to desecrate the memory of the immortal George Washington, by thus lugging Diplomatic Appropriation Bill, for the im-The gallant Gen. Shields is a candidate

much at heart, and that is, to complete the for the U. S. Senate in Illinois, for the seat the affirmative by year and nays. great chain of Rail Roads between Baltimore that will be vacated by the expiration of Hon. and Mobile. The essential link that is now Sidney Breese's term, which expires on the bill to be engrossed, Mr. Vinton moved the

> W-We find the following in the Washing-It is now known as a "fixed fact," that the inthe Louisiana delegation. They are still keeping 152

HAIL, LEWIS CASS, OF MICHIGAN. BY J. E. DOW. Awake, old spirit of the past-Awake, and put thy armor on-Nail freedom's ensign to the mast, Nor faller till the fight is won. Heed not disunion's croaking voice. Expose each dark and damning plan; Elect the leader of your choice-

The gallant Cass of Michigan. The sky is thick, the stars grow dim, The bark of Freedom braves the lea, Her hearts of steel put trust in Him Who walked upon the midnight sea; For they behold a beacon bright To cheer each faint and sinking man.

And o'er it waving in the light

The name of Cass of Michigan.

The gray-beard soldier leaps for joy, The seaman on the deep is glad, The old frontiersman, when a boy, Remembers the adventurous lad. Who trod the wilderness alone Where millions now adore the man, And tell how proudly valor shone

In Lewis Cass of Michigan. What tho' no Buena Vista frowned With cannons grim and glittering files. There was a host in battle crowned; An army from the British isles; The brave of earth, who proudly sought Our native soil with direful ban; But they a lesson sad were taught By Lewis Cass of Michigan.

In princely halls, by gilded thrones, He stood the champion of the free; He heard the fettered seaman's groans, And oped the prisons of the sea. The starry flag no longer bowed To banners borne in Europe's van And freemen on their hills were proud Of Lewis Cass of Michigan.

Firm in the principles of right By democratic sages taught, He keeps his sword of honor bright, And wrongs us not in deed or thought; As when the glittering blade was broke, Before a base, dishonored man, He stands, e'en now, our forest oak-

The gallant Cass of Michigan,

THE SLAVERY QUESTION.—The reader will | FAIRTIETH CONGRESS, 1st SESSION.

WEDNESDAY, July 19, 1848.

In the Senate, Mr. Clayton desired that the Senate would consider the remarks which had the Senate would consider the remarks which had the senate would consider the remarks which had the senate would consider the senate would be senated to senate w fallen from him on vesterday, in reporting the Oregon territorial Bill from the select commit-

sentiments of the committee. Mr. Calhoun agreed with the Senator from Delaware, that the bill speaks the sentiments

The joint resolution from the House, presenting to the State of Missouri ten pieces of

Mr. Hannegan said this was a proper occa-Mr. Bention replied, that the resolution was

On motion of Mr. Yulee, the bill, and a ments consist in making these pensions permanent, instead of renewing them every five

On motion of Mr. Atherton, the naval apstriking out the appropriation of \$874,000 for

In the House, Mr. Cobb, of Alabama, repor Mr. King, from the naval committee, repor-

ted a joint resolution to authorize the Secrethe resolution, but it was finally laid on the table, by a large vote.

vears of age, who has been several years of age, which we have a large years of a general years of a general

Mr. Stephens had permission to correct his

Mr. Lincoln, from the post office committee, reported a bill, (the same as had before been under consideration in the House) for the es-Mr. Vinton reported a bill, making appro-

And, then, after a protracted session, the THURSDAY, July 20.

tain post routes was read twice and referred. ing the system, and relieving the The naval appropriation bill was then ta-

result, which we feel certain will be the entire vindication of the able Commissioner of Patents.

The Baltimore Sun, in noticing the arrival of the Steamer Southerner at New York from Charleston, with 100 passengers, urges

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The Baltimore Sun, in noticing the arrival of the able Commissioner of Patents.

The Clayton stated that he intended to call up the bill to-day, but owing to the late hour at which Senators had received a copy of the bill, he had not done so, in order, that Senators might have an opportunity fully to examine its provisions. He now gave notice that he should call up the bill at twelve to the check, and a brilliancy to the eventual of the second Washington of the country. Executive session. Adjourned.

In the House, the Speaker announced the consider the vote by which the House vesterprovement of Savannah River. Mr. Pollock moved to lay the motion to re

consider on the table, and it was decided in The question then recurring on ordering the previous question, and it was decided in the affirmative, and the bill read a third time. The question then being on the passage of the bill,

it was decided in the negative. Ayes 77, Mr. Howell Cobb moved a reconsideration of the vote rejecting the bill, and Mr. Pettit Atlantic route the most agreeable as well as ed a letter in reply to the letter they addressed moved to lay this motion on the table. Mr. I feel myself under great obligation. Pettit's motion was negatived. Yeas 22, nays

> motion to reconsider, chiefly in relation to the which several propositions were made, but the House finally adjourned without taking the vote on the question of reconsideration. It seemed to be supposed that the President Albany, April 1, 1847.
>
> bed Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparina, and beneve it to be one of the most valuable preparations in the market.
>
> II. P. PULING, M. D.
> J. WILSON, M. D.
> R. B. BRIGGS, M. D.
> P. E. ELMENDORF, M. D would veto the bill, if the Savannah river appropriation bill was kept in.

appropriation bill, which, after various attempts to seriously amend it, passed without any material change from the form in which it passed the House of Representatives.

In the House, a number of resolutions were introduced, mostly unimportant in their character; amongst them the resolutions of the Legislature of Wisconsin, instructing their Senators and requesting their Representatives to vote for the Wilmot Proviso.

The motion for the reconsideration of the vote by which the general appropriation bill was killed on yesterday, was taken up, and a long debate ensued, in which party politics HE subscriber respectfully informs the public faithful in the discharge of duty, and successful in that he has recently returned from the North, imparting instruction, and would, therefore, throw some respectfully informs the public faithful in the discharge of duty, and successful in that he has recently returned from the North, imparting instruction, and would, therefore, throw some described as a second described described as a second described described as a second described was rejected was reconsidered. Mr. Cobb, of Georgia, then moved to recon-

sider the vote by which the bill was ordered! to be engrossed, pending which the House ad-

Correspondence of the Baltimore Sun Washington, July 18, 1848. The facts in regard to the Court of Inquiry and Gen'l Scott, are simply these: On Thursday morning last, the Court, consisting of Generals Towson, Cushing, and Col. Belknap, met in this city. Gen'l Whiting detailed in place of Cushing, had not arrived; but Gen'l Pillow presented the court with a paper to the effect of withdrawing the charge he had made against Gen I Scott. This paper was taken to sold on moderate terms for cash, or on short credit Gen'l Scott by Gen'l Towson. Gen'l Scott insisted that Gen'l Pillow had no control over the case, and could not withdraw his charge without the approbation of the Government. and demanded an investigation.

Gen'l Scott also received from the Secretary tablishments of the kind, made to order. of War a notification of the same purport. Thus the case stands. Meantime the court stands adjourned until August 1st. Last Friday, Gen'l Pillow left Coleman's, for his home in Tennessee.

To Exterminate Bugs. - Saturate the parts infested thoroughly with camphine and flour sulphur, and you will not be further annoyed with those troublesome insects. Try it.

SEGARS. aala hy

DR. TOWNSEND'S

times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures without vomiting, purging, sickening or debilitating the patient. 'the great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other medicine is, that while it eradicates the dis-cuse, it invigorates the body. It is one of the very best SPRING & SUMMER MEDICINES

100,000 cures of severe cases of disease; at least 15,000 were considered incurable. It has saved the lives of re than 5,000 children during the two past 10.000 cases of general debility and want of nervous energy. Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla invigorates the whole system permanently. To those who have lost the whole system permanently. To those who have lost their muscular energy by the effects of medicine or indiscretion committed in youth, or the excessive indulgence of the passions, and brought on a general physical participation. mitted, we take the liberty to present to the people of North Carolina, the following figpeople of North Caro dial. As it renews and invigorates the system, gives activity to the limbs, and strength to the muscular sys-

tem, in a mos' extraordinary degree.

Consumption Cured — Cleanse and Strengthen. Consumption cured — Cleanse and Strengthen. Con-sumption can be cured. Bronchitis, Consumption, Liver Complaint, Colds, Catarrh. Coughs. Ashma, Spitting of Blood, Soreness in the Chest. Hectic Flush, Night Sucats. Difficult or Profuse Expecto-ration. Dain in the Std. ration, Pain in the Side, &c., have been and can be cured.

Spitting Blood.

April 28, 1947

cured. Spitting Blood.
New-York, April 28, 1847.

Dr Townsend—I verily believe that your Sarsaparilla has been the means, through Providence, of saving my life. I have for several years had a bad cough. It became worse and worse. At last I raised large quant es of blood, had night sweats, and was greatly debilitated and reduced, and did not expect to live. I have only used your Sarsaparilla a short time, and there has a wonderful change been wrought in me. I am now able to walk all over the city. I raise no blood, and my cough has left me. You can well imagine that I am thankful You can well imagine that I am thankful for these results. Your obedient servant, WM. RUSSELL, 65 Catherine-s'.

Rheumatism —This is only one of more than four thousand cases of rheumatism that Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla has cuted. The most severe and chronic cases are weekly eradicated by its extraordinary vir-

James Cummings, Esq., one of the assistants in the Lunatic Asylum, Blackwell's Island, is the gentleman spoken of in the following letter:

Blackwell's Island, Sept. 14, 1817. Dr. Townsend: Dear Bir-I have suffered terribly for sed four bottles of your Sarsaparilla, & they hav one me more than one thousand dollars worth of good. Tam so much better—indeed. I am entirely relieved. You are at liberty to use this for the benefit of the afflicted. Yours, respectfully, JAS. CUMMINGS.

sted his Sarsaparilla in case of Fits, of course never ecommended it, and was surprised to receive the folowing from an intelligent and respectable Farmer Veschester county: Fordham, August 13, 1847 Veschester county: Fordham, August 13, 1847.

Dr. Townsend: Dear Sir—I have a little girl seven ears of age, who has been several years afficted with without the several years afficient without the several years are several years. Mr. Stephens had permission to correct his vote yesterday on the item of the General Appropriation Bill, for the improvement of Savannah River. He is recorded as having voted in the affirmative, whereas he voted in the affirmative, whereas he voted in the negative. The Speaker now—the vote by this change standing 85 to 84—also voted in the negative, and the amendment was declarated by the speaker now—the vote by the speaker now—the sp

he female system—no matter whether the result inherent cause or causes, produced by irregulari-inherent cause or causes, produced by irregulari-illness or accident. Nothing can be more surprisng than its invigorating effects on the human frame fersons all weakness and lassitude. Tom taking it, at once become robust and full of energy under its influ-ence. It immediately counteracts the nervelessness of the female frame, which is the great cause of barren-ness. It will not be expected of us, in cases of so del-cate a nature, to exhibit certificates of cures perfound, but we can assure the afflicted, that hundreds of cases ve been reported to us

To Mothers and Married Ladies. This Ex ract of Sarsaparilla has been expressly prepared in re-crence to temale complaints. Indeed this medicine purities of the body, not so far stimulating as to produce ubsequent relaxation, which is the case of most medi-ines taken for female weakness and disease. By using surgical operations may be prevented.
Great blessing to Mothers and Children.

blood to the extremities, is that which paints the cour

uating.
This is why the southern, and especially the Span-

Townsend's Sursaparilla, have invariably called their stuff'a great Remedy for Females, &c. &c., and have copied our bills and circulars which relates to the com-plain's of women, word for word—other men who put ter buckets, axe helves, potato mashers, muddlers, up medicine, have, since the great success of Dr. Town towel rollers, rolling pins, boot jacks, wood bowts, send's Sarsaparilla in complaints incid at to females, recommended theirs, although previously they did not A number of these Mixtures, Pills. &c., are injurious and half barrel covers, knife boxes, spool stands o females, as t ey aggravate disease, and undermine Scrofula Cured. This certificate conclusively bellows, and shaving boxes.

proves that this Sarsaparilia has periect control over the most obstinate diseases of the Blood Three per-

the Scrofula by the use of your excellent medicine .-Yours, respectfully, ISAAC W. CRAIN, 106 Wooster st.

Opinions of Physicians De Townsend is almost daily receiving orders from Physicians in different parts of the Union.

Caution. Owing to the great success and immensesale of Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla, a number of mer propriation bill was kept in.

Friday, July 21.

The Senate was engaged during the whole of this day's session, in discussing the naval appropriation bill, which, after various at appropriation bill, which, after various at appropriation bill, which, after various at appropriation bill was kept in.

Friday, July 21.

Who were formerly our Agents, have commenced making Sarsaparilla Extracts, Elixirs, Bitters, Extracts of Vellow Dock, &c. They generally put it up in the same shaped bottles, and some of them have stole and copied our advertisements. They are only worthless initiations, and should be avoided.

April 21, 1848.

ENGLISH, CLASSICAL, MATHEMATICAL AND WERCANTILE

Y; Redding & Co., 8 State street, Boston; Dyott & Sons, 132 North Second street, Philadelphia; S. S. Hance, Druggist, Baltimore; P. M. Cohen, Charleston; Wright & Co., 151 Chartes street, N. O; 105 South

Wright & Co, 151 Chartres street, N. U; 105 South Fearl street, Albany; and by all the principal Druggisis and Merchants generally throughout the United States, West Indies, and the Canadas.

The Senior in For sale, wholesale and retail, by

WM. SHAW, Druggist, Wilmington, N. C.

June 23, 1848-[41-ly

"ENCOURAGE HOME INDUSTRY." MANUFACTURY.

where he laid in a full and complete stock of Sadhimself upon his old patrons of Wayne, Lenoir dle and Harness mountings, &c. &c., of the latest and Edgecombe-in which counties he has spent and most improved styles, and is constantly man- the last nine years-for a share of that patronage ufacturing, at his store on Market street, formerly occupied by Guy C. Hotchkiss, every description of articles in the above line. From his experience in the business, he feels confident that he will be able to give entire satisfaction to his customers .-He has, and will keep, a constant supply of Saddles, Bridles, Martingales, Collars, Riding ed.

and Wagon Whips, Bitts and Spurs, Carpet and Saddle Bags, Trunks, &c. &c., and every other article usually kept in establish ments of the kind, all of which will be warranted to be of the best materials and workmanship, and to punctual customers.

REPAIRING of every description promptly attended to. Coaches and Carriages trimmed in a neat and substantial style. Medical Bags, Cushions of every description, and all other orticles usually manufactured in es- wish to avail themselves of its advantages, are re-

Persons wishing to purchase RIDING VEHIcall. JOHN J. CONOLEY. April 28, 1848

JUST RECEIVED.

Per Schr. L. P. Smith. BEAUTIFUL article of Infants' Capa for S dozen Brooms, 2 doz Brushes, Cedar Tubs by Summer. Childrens' Coburg Hats; Boys the nests and single setts, measures, Iron bound ALSO, a fresh supply of Drugs, Chemicals, &c. Pedal Caps; and a few Ladies' Riding Caps, a do, Axe handles, Scrub brushes, Shoe do., Jute new pattern. Also a full assortment of Gents Matts, Alicant do., Step Ladders, Willow Was promptly attended to. 20,000 Sugers, Fsculapio, Pantatilla. For alle by HOWARD & PEDEN.

new pattern. Also a run assortment of Gents Matts, August 40., Step Bauders, Wallet Gons, Bung Starts, Nests Flour Pails. For sale promptly attended to. MYERS & BARNUM.

MYERS & BARNUM.

Matts, August 40., Step Bauders, Wallet Gons, Bung Starts, Nests Flour Pails. For sale on the most reasonable gons, Bung Starts, Nests Flour Pails. For sale on the MYERS & BARNUM.

Matts, August 40., Step Bauders, Wallet Gons, Bung Starts, Nests Flour Pails. For sale on the most reasonable gons, Bung Starts, Nests Flour Pails. For sale on the most reasonable gons, Bung Starts, Nests Flour Pails. For sale on the most reasonable gons, Bung Starts, Nests Flour Pails. For sale on the most reasonable gons, Bung Starts, Nests Flour Pails.

BATH. NEWS. ING may be had at the CHEAP AND GOOD BOARD-

now opened under the superintendance of ALFRED ALDERMAN .-Having had the house completely cleansed phite-washed and painted, and furnished with ever known; it not only purifies the whole system, and strengthens the person, but it creates new, pure and rich blood: a power possessed by no other medicine. And in this lies the grand secret of its wonderful success It has performed within the last five years more than 100 000 curren of every rough of the pure of degrees of dispasse; at least 15,000 NEW BEDS, BEDDING, and other furniture, I am cles in his line-consisting in part of

October 22, 1847.

NO DECEPTION.

NOT a week passes away without we have to record some of the most astonishing cures of long continued Asthma, Incipient Consumption, Bleeding at the lungs, Bronchitis, Difficulty of Breathing, and various diseases to which the Lungs and throat are subject, by DR. TATLOR'S BALSAM OF LIVERWORT. This great remedy is daily effecbeen restored, when dangerously afflicted, by the cough, shortness of breath, asthma, spitting blood, pain in the side, or any other sympton of consumption, hasten and be cured by Dr. Taylor's Balsam Other remedies may quiet or lull the disease, but resort at once to this great balm, and you will be at once cured.

For strengthening the system & eradicating all mpurities, no medicine can equal it. The following certificates are only a SAMPLE OF HUNDREDS. We daily receive many testimonials in its favor. too numerous to make public. The dose is small. and one bottle often cures the worst cases: and one nottle often cures the worst cases:

Great Cure for Consumption. For seven years I was afflicted with Consumption, & it seemed impossible for any thing to cure me. I had all the most aggravating symptoms, as night sweats, raising blood, violent and distressing cough, pain in the side and chest, debility and want of appetite. I truly believe I could not have lived but for the use of Dr. Taylor's Balsam of Liver-wort and the pleasing of God, which have saved my life

wort and the blessing of God, which have saved my life by restoring me to health. ALEX. SMITH, Sexton of Rev. Mr. Mutthew's church, Chrystie-st. Consumption & Liver Complaint Cured For 6 year suffered with these awful diseases, and from my hear eel for all similarly afflicted and I beg of them to try nine years with rheumatism; considerable of the time I could not eat, sleep or walk. I had the utmost discould not eat, sleep or walk. I had the utmost discussing pains, and my limbs were terribly swollen. I II. A. MARKS, 106 King-st getable medicine.

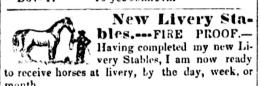
Consumption and Dyspepcia Cured! Having been cured of these distressing complaints, which have car ried me to the verge of the grave, by Dr. Taylor's Bal-sam of Liverwort, from 73 Beekman-street, I consider d. Yours, respectfully, JAS. CUMMINGS.

Fits: Fits: Dr. Townsend, not having it my duty to make it publicly known, in the hope of benefitting others. That it saved my life I do not doubt benefitting others. -for I could not eat, and was daily declining, until I was a mere skeleton. I hope this will induce any one afflicted to try it, especially if they love lite and health, and want to be cured. It is of wonderful efficacy.

ROBERT D. HONG, jr., corner Oak & Pearl sts.

Prepared by the proprietor, 73 Beekman-st, New York. Beware of Counterfeits. The only genuine has the written signature of GEORGE TATLOR, M. D, on the engraved label, and sold by LIPPITT & WILKINGS, also WM. SHAW, all of which he warrants genuine :--Druggists, Wilmington, N C.

Orders addressed to the proprietor, 73 Beck- Wistar's Balsam man-st, New York, will receive prompt attention. 16-vc960mre4m



My stables are situated on the corner of Prinhouse, and very convenient to the business part of the town. They are built of brick, and covered with tin, which makes them entirely fire-proof. nen are subject. It braces the whole system, renews bermanently the natural energies, by removing the invenient as any Stables in the United States.

> dred horses, and shelter them well and comfortably. Horses, Carriages, and Buggies, kept constant ly for hire. My Hostlers cannot be surpassed in any country. and I therefore feel confident of giving entire

I feel grateful to my friends and the public for their liberal patronage heretofore, and hope to me-

H. R. NIXON. Wilmington, N. C., December 11, 1847. 14tf

. . W 4:0 515.

NOW OPENING AT THE OLD STAND, CALICOES, Muslins, (white and colored,) ginghams, cottonades striped and checked stuff for pants. Kentucky jeans, twedes, brown linen and linen drill, drap de tae, cashmaret, bed tick, bear duck, osnaburgs, apron checks, bleached and brown shirting and sheeting, vestings diapers and crash, silk and cotton bulkfs, spool, skein, and ball cotton, pins and needles, pocket books, but'ons. A pure article, nlways kept. books and eyes, combs knitting pins, suspenders white, black, mixed, and slate cotton hose and half hose, and gloves.

kets, buckets, cedar and painted tubs and keelers, cocoa dippers, clothe horses and pins, flour pails. wooden boxes, painted, brass, and iron bound watowel rollers, rolling pins, boot jacks, wood bowls, and boxes, matches and match safes, twine reels,

HARDWARE.

Collins', Simmons', and Davis' axes and hatch-Eons cured in one house is unprecedented.

Three Children.

Dr. Townsend—Dear Sir: I have the pleasure to inform you that three of my children have been cured of dowelling bitts, augurs, drawing knives, handets, board axes, files, cooper's compasses, adzes, MARBLE MONUMENTS saws, rat traps, fire dogs, shovels and tongs, trace chains, leading lines, bed cords, whitewash brushes, scrub brushes, sad irons, waffle irons, frying pans, door, trunk, pad, till, and cupboard locks, curry combs, candlesticks, cotton and wool cards, shoe brushes and blacking, shoe, butcher, pocket, and case knives, rezors and straps, snuff boxes, hair brushes, tea and table spoons, hoes and rakes, hinges, cast ploughs, Sutton's wrought ploughs and

> Also, have constantly on hand a choice selection of Family Groceries, Wines, and Liquors, all of which will be sold extremely low for cash. PERRIN & HARTSFIELD.

SCHOOL.

MHE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens

they have opened an English, Classical, Mercan- and take Fire risks on as reasonable terms as any fair prices. My business there will be conducted tile and Mathematical School, in the town of other Institution.

The Senior instructor, Mr. JOHN ROBINSON, is a practical and experienced Teacher, having for the Courts of North Carolina will be acknowledgthe last ten years stood at the head of his profes. ed. sion in Europe, as the many flattering testimonials Harness, Trunk, and Saddle flatters himself that he is already favorably known in his possession will show. William Robinson in this region, as a teacher who has always been

> Osnaburgs; 2 Bales heavy Brown Drilling; 3 which they always so cheerfully bestowed upon Mr. John Robinson will superintend the English, Mercantile, and Mathematical department and give instruction in the Italian and French languages-also in instrumental music, if requir Vocal music will constitute a part of the daily

exercises of the pupils Mr. William Robinson will superintend the

Classical department.

They have built and fitted up a new School Room, and hope that their effort to establish a School of high literary merit in this rising and flourishing town, will not be in vain. They com mence it on individual enterprise, and under the most discouraging circumstances, and rely upon the merits of the Institution alone for support. The School is now in operation, and those who quested to make no delay in entering, that the 50 Boxes, assorted sizes, 8x10, 10x12, 12x15, classes may be properly and advantageously or- 14 x 10. Just received and for sale low at the old

For further perticulars, apply to either of the JOHN ROBINSON. WILLIAM ROBINSON.

Goldsborough, Dec. 14th, 1847. WOODEN & WILLOW WARE. MARBLE YARD. AT WILMINGTON, N. C.

THE subscriber takes this method of informing the citizens of New Hanover and the surrounding counties that he has established the above business, in all its variety, in the building known as he Carriage Repository, next door to Mrs. Cowan's, on Market street, where he will be constantreceiving from one of the most extensive manifactories in New York, as well as from an establishment in Baltimore, a constant supply of arti-

MONUMENTS; Plain and Box Tombs; Head and Foot Stones; Fire Places; Mantel Pieces; Bureau and Centre Table Tops; Pastry Slabs; Imposing Stones; Form Tables; Paint

Stone and Mullars; Window

and Door Sills and Lintels.

In short every article required, either of Italian. Egyptian, or American Marbles, he is prepared to furnish, at prices that cannot fail to please--and ting the most remarkable cures. Thousands have in a style of workman ship that cannot be surpassed at the North or elsewhere. He will attend to inestimable virtues of this medicine. If you have a the delivery and putting up of all jobs that require his attention-thereby saving the purchaser the trouble of employing inexperienced men to put up job after it has been bought at the North; and ne has no hesitation in saying that there will be a nett saving of 20 to 25 per cent. in buying of him. together with the assurance of having the work sound-not running the risk of breaking by shipping from a distance. I he public are respectfully invited to call and examine his stock and judge for themselves. Orders by mail or otherwise, from the country, will be attended to, and charges the same as if ordered in person, and instructions im-S. R. FORD. plicitly obeyed. Agents for Duplin County, at Kenansville, I. B. & J. J. KELLY.

For Wayne county, at Goldsboro', GREGORY & GRISWOLD. For Sampson County, at Clinton, J. & W. JOHNSON, with whom all orders can be left. May 12, 1848--[35-6m

A Question

FOR THE PUBLIC TO DECIDE. NAN it be expected that Merchants and Druggists, who lend themselves to palm off upon the public their base imitations and counterfeit medicines, in preference to the genuine, merely because they can make more per cent on them, would dea! honestly in selling other articles ! We think not. Persons that deal out counterfeit medicines, and thus encourage counterfeiters, even at the expense of the health and life of their customers and neighbors, are they honest or honorable men? No. And they should be avoided.

REMEMBER, W.M. SHAW is agent, and has for sale, the following PATENT MEDICINES, Dr Swayne's ompound Syrup of Wild Cherry : Bailey's Syrup

Townsend's Sarsaparilla; Sands' Sarsaparilla; Bailey's do Sands' Iodide do; Wood's Sarsaparilla and Bull's Wild Cherry Bitters; Roward's Tonic Mixture; Bailey's Tonic Mixture; Peery's Dead Shot Vermifuge; McMunn's Elixir Opium; Bailey's American Vermifuge; Dr Smith's Whooping Cough Syrup; Gray's Ointment; Allen's Vegetable Comp; Cheesman's Arabian Balsam; Moffatt's cess and Third streets, directly opposite the Court- Phoenix Bitters; Thompson's Eye Water; Car- be retailed from Shaw's Drug Store, at all hours penter's Comp. fluid Ext.; Thompson's Syrup Tar of the day. Citizens can procure it at any hour and Wood Naptha; Langley's Great Western of the night, (in case of sickness,) by calling on Indian Panacea; Swaim's Panacea; Indian's do; Mr. Shaw, at his House, on Second Street, a few Henry's calc'd Magnesia; Indian Cholagogue; Upham's Pile Electuary; Balsam Liverwort; Pease's H carbound andy; Scarpa's Accoustic I also have, (for the accommodation of Drovers,) Oil; Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills; also, Pea large and comfortable Lot, together with a basement under the Stables sufficient to hold one hun- Beckwith's, Gordon's, and Lee's Pills, Copaiba Capsules; Copaiba and Cubeb Capsules; British Oil; Opodeldoc; Bateman's Drops; Carpenter's Extract Bark; Godfrey's Cordial; Badeau's

Also, a full spring stock of satisfaction to those who favor me with their cus Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Paints, Oils, &c. consisting in part of 200 lbs refined Camphor; 100 ounces Quinine; 50 gallons Copal. Coach, and Japan Varnishes;

Plaster, Shoemaker's do, Poor Man's do.

25 lbs Prussian Blue; 60 lbs Chrome Green; 50 lbs Chrome Yellow; 2000 lbs Spanish Brown and Venetian Red; 24 boxes Pain Killer: 25 boxes Vindow Glass; Putty, in bladders; Paint and Whitewash Brushes; 100 kegs White Lead Linseed Oil; Umber; Terra Lienna; Red Lead; Litharge; Vermillion; Rose Pink; Lamp Black; Sand Paper; Chalk; and every article in the Paint line. Paints ground and Window Glass cut to order; -- a large supply of fresh Spices -- a

> CHOLOROFORW: CONGRESS WATER:

good stock of choice Perfumery.

Always fresh, in quarts and pints. LAMP SHADES & WICKS:

In variety. Fresh Sedleitz and Soda Powders of his own manufacture. Physicians and Country Merchants laying in spring supplies, wi'l find they can purchase fresh goods at low prices, and on as accommodating terms, as at any other establishment in the State, the subscriber being desirous of maintaining the reputation so long enjoyed by the old stand Drug WM. SHAW.

March 17, 1848.

And Grave Stone Agency.

THE subscribers are appointed Agents for one of the best and most extensive MARBLE YARDS in Connecticut, and will receive orders for Marble Monuments or Grave Stones, either ettered or not, which will be furnished at the shortest notice and most reasonable prices. We have received a variety of patterns, various tyles with the prices, which may be examined at J. C. & R. B. WOOD,

Builders and Contractors. Fire and Marine Insurance. Agency of the Protection Insurance Co.,

OF NEW JERSEY. CAPITAL \$200.000:

AVING been appointed agent of the above and shall have them in operation by 1st to Company, for Wilmington and vicinity, I 10th June. Persons making Turpentine in that of Wayne and the adjoining counties, that will issue Policies on cargoes, freights and vessels, region, can rely on disposing of it at all times at Any losses sustained will be promptly and hon-

orably adjusted and paid, and in case of difference, A. MARTIN, Ag't. May 26, 1848.—[37-11m.

CHEAP. sorted Brown Domestic; 25 pieces heavy Linen

Cases assorted Prints. Our stock of FANCY Goods we are selling at very reduced prices. Persons in want of such Goods are invited to call and examine them. HOLMES & HAWES. [m26]

Carriages Repaired and Painted. THE undersigned would inform the public that he has located his shop for Repairing front street, opposite the Journal Office, when and Painting every description of Riding Vehicles, near the corner of Dock and Second streets. Riding Vehicles. He respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage; and he will always endeavor to give satisfaction to all who may favor him with their cus-

His charges will be moderate, and the cash will be acceptable, when the work is delivered. WM. WELLS. Sept 17, 1847 WINDOW GLASS.

PAINT BRUSHES. 15 doz. of the finest quality, assorted sizes, at lower prices than the common BRUSHES USUAlly of- was made by Knabe & Gaehle, Baltimore, wh

Grainers. DAILY EXPECTED.

WM. SHAW. For sale at

May 17, 1848.—[36]

Law Notice. MHE subscriber has resumed the duties of his profession, and will be found at his office on 2d-street, one door below G. J McKee's office.

EDW'D CANTWELL. Wilmington, N. C., Merch 24, 1848. Prompt attention given to claims under the arious Pension and Bounty Laws, passed to enourage enlistments in the Regular Army and olunteer Service of the United States. March 10, 1848-26-tf TRaleigh Standard copy 3 times.

LIST OF BLANKS AND, and for sale at the JOURNAL OFFICE County and Sup. Court Writs do Subpoenas do Fi. Fas.

County Court Scire Facins Apprentice's Indentures Letters of Administrators Appeal Bonds Juror's Tickets Marriage Licens Peace warrants Guardian Bond-Constable's bonds Administrator's do Notes of hand Military Ca Sas Checks, Cape Fear Bank Land Deeds\* do Branch Bank of the Negro Bonds Warrants. Ca Sa Notes, negotiable at bank Ca Sa bonds

Certificates of Justices attending Court CAny blank wanted and not on hand will be printed with the utmost despatch. Or Officers of the Courtsand other officers, and all other persons, requiring blanks, or any other work in the printing line would do well to give us a call, or send in their orders. We are determined to execute our work well, and at the cheapest rates for cash. Call at the JOURNAL OFFICE

Inspector's Certificates Bills Sale, Negro

State

J. T. SCALON WALD. Botanic Physician. Murphy's building, 2d door from the corner of

Princess and Water-streets, North side. WOULD tender his thanks to the citizens of Wilmington and the surrounding country, for the very liberal patronage heretofore received, and respectfully informs the public that he still keeps on hand a large and fresh stock of BOTANIC MEDICINES, of his own manufacture, of purely vegetable composition. These medicines are universally known to possess virtues that have never been excelled by any series of medicines ever offered to the public. They are effectual remedies for consumption. coughs, colds, croup, whosping cough, cholera, cholera morbus, cholera infantum. cholic, gravels, liver and spleen complaints, dyspepsia. rheumatism. sick head-ach, piles, nervous liseases, worms, tetter, and all diseases of the skin, itch, scrofula, all kinds of fever, &c. &c. ALSo-On hand and for sale at manufacturer's prices, RHINEHEARDT'S patent glass pad double and single lever TRUSS for Hernia.

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ICE--- ICE :-- ICE ! To the Public.

Wilmington, July 16, 1847.

INHE Subscribers beg to notity the Public, that they will again be in Market with a large and constant supply of Fresh Pond Ice, from Boston, which will be sold at the lowest market prices, throughout the season. Our Ice House will be open every morning,

doors from Market Street. We solicit orders from our friends in the conntry. Ice will be carefully packed, and promptly forwarded. Thankful for past patronage, we hope again to

merit the public support.

from sunrise till breakfast beli-ring. Ice will also

We expect to open on the 1st of April. SHAW & REPITON. March 3, 1848-[25-tf

CARRIAG S. Market Street, about 300 yards above the piscopal (hurch.

HE subscriber has on hand a large and general assortment of CARRIAGES, which he offers for sale on the most reasonable terms. Among which may be found, COACHES, BA ROUCHES, ROCKAWAYS, CHARIOTEES. DUNHAMS, PHAETONS, BUGGLES GIGS, SULKEYS, &c.

Also, Harness of every description. All orders in the above line thakfully received and faithfully executed. Repairing done at short notice and in the nestest munner, for cash only. ALSO-Saddles : Bridles : Martingates : Bits :

Tranks; Carpet Bags, &c. &c., Which will be sold very low. ISAAC WELLS.

NOTICE. Taxes! Taxes! Taxes! OTICE is hereby givin to the inhabitants of New Hanover county, that I have received from the Clerk of New Hanover County Court, the list of Taxable property for the year 1847, and hold it ready for their inspection. I also request them if they know of any lands, polls, or other

who owe Taxes, to come forward and pay them, without being dunned. OWEN FENNELL, Sh'ff.

Taxable property not givin in, to give me infor

mation thereof; and I further request all persons

Wilmington, April 7, 1848--[30-tf.

A otice. HE subscriber has opened an office in Parsiley's block on Water St., for the transaction of a general Commission Business. Proper attention will be paid to the sale of merchandise of any kind, as well as to the sale or shipment of any of the products of the country; and the usual advances made when desired, on consignments for sale, or for shipment to my friends at the North. I have a good Naval Store yard and Warehouse, remote from the danger of fire and will make charges very moderate, where persons may desire to store temporally. W. O. JEFFREYS.

May 5th, 1848.--[34tf

TO TURPENTINE MAKERS IN DUPLIN. AM now locating two large Stills at Sarecta by Mr. Wm. E. HTDE. W. O. JEFFREYS. Wilmington, May 5th.--[34tf

To the Public. TAKE this method of informing the public

that I now occupy the Livery Stables formerly JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE occupied by Mr. H. R. NIXON, and solicit the patronage of the public generally. All persons who may favor me with a call, may rest assured that their horses will be promptly attended to, as I flatter myself that I have the best of Ostlers. Also a large Lot for the accommodation DROVERS.

April 23d, 1847.—[32tt NEW COACH SHOP. SIGN AND FANCY PAINTING.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public that he has opened a COACH SHOP on he is prepared to make up and repair all kinds of He has also engaged the services of a maste Painter, and is prepared to execute Sign and fancy Chair painting, clean and varnish furniture,

paint and polish Coaches, in a style not to be surpassed. He solicits a share of public patronage, and will at all times endeavor to give entire satisfaction to those who may favor him with their GEORGE BROWN. April 28, 1848-[33

FOR SALE.

HE subscriber offers for sale, a PIANO, of the very first order; as to brilliancy of tone beauty of workmanship it cannot be excelled fered for sale. Varnish brushes, Blenders, and stand pre-eminent as manufacturers. Personal wishing a first rate instrument will please call of the subscriber. Terms will be made easy. S. J. CARROLL,

at WM. SHAW's Drug Stort May 17th, 1848.—[36tf

FEATHERS. HOWARD & PEDENS

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